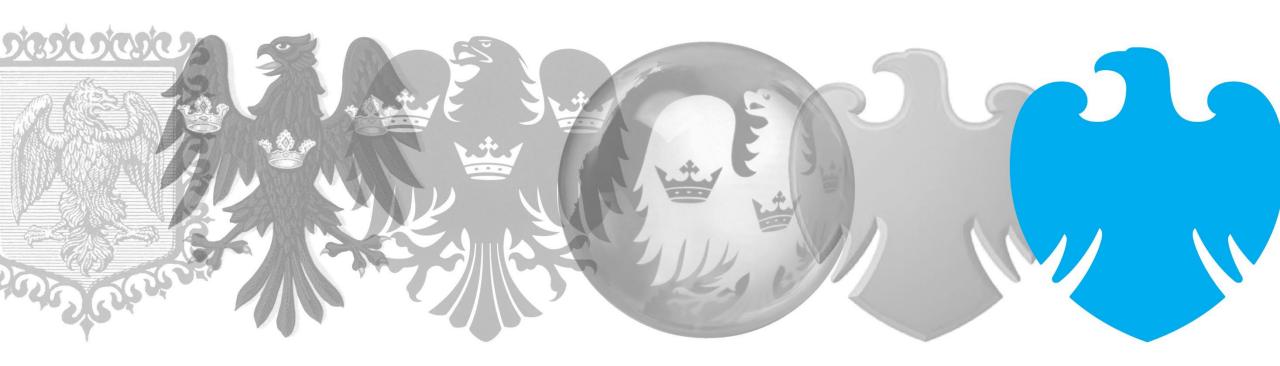
BarclaysSimpler, Better, More balanced

Investor Update: 20th February 2024



Barclays today

Strong customer franchises in the UK and US





20m US credit card customers



330 years of innovation

We have built a leading Global Markets and Investment Banking business

Top 3

Global Fixed Income Credit²

=#1

Fixed Income Financing²

#1

UK Investment Banking Fees³ Leading non-US
Investment Bank⁴

¹ Clients defined as any relationship from which we generate >£10,000 income per annum from our existing product set. UK Corporates defined as the stock of companies (group entities considered together) with annual turnover of >£6.5m. Includes clients across UK Corporate and the International Corporate Bank within the Investment Bank | ² "=#" rank represents shared rank with another bank whose revenues are within 5% of Barclays. 1H23 Coalition Greenwich Global Competitor Analytics. Peer group is based on the following banks: BofA Securities, Barclays, BNP Paribas, Citigroup, Credit Suisse, Deutsche Bank, Goldman Sachs, J.P. Morgan, Morgan Stanley and UBS. Analysis is based on Barclays' internal business structure and internal revenues | ³ Industry rank data per Dealogic for the period covering 2023 | 4 #6 Global Markets and Investment Banking. Global Markets rank based on Barclays' calculations using Peer reported financials. Top 10 Peers includes Barclays and; US Peers: Bank of America, Citi, Goldman Sachs, J.P. Morgan, Morgan Stanley. European Peers: BNP Paribas, Credit Suisse, Deutsche Bank, UBS. Investment Banking rank based on Dealogic as at 31 December 2023 |

Strategy Update

May 2014¹

139,600 colleagues

>50 countries

£436bn RWAs

9.3% CET1 ratio

Non-priority business exits

- Africa
- Commodities
- Europe retail banking
- Reduced non-CIB footprint in Asia
- US and Asia Wealth
- Considering options for merchant acquiring Payments business
- Sale of German consumer finance business
- Disposal of Italian retail mortgages book

Refocused business priorities

• Invested in building at scale CIB franchise

c.£16bn litigation and conduct addressed²

- Customer redress
- Market manipulation
- Governance

Investor Update

February 2024

92,400

colleagues

38

countries

£343bn

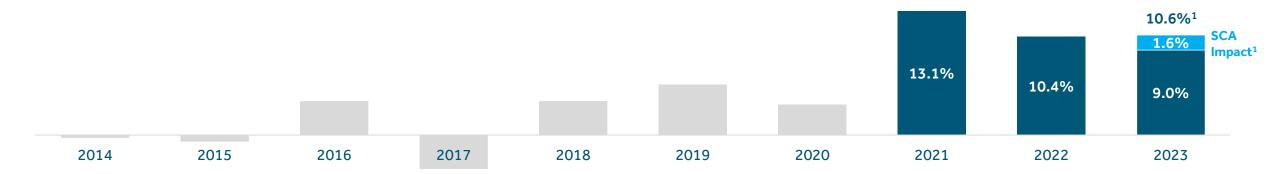
RWAs

13.8% CET1 ratio

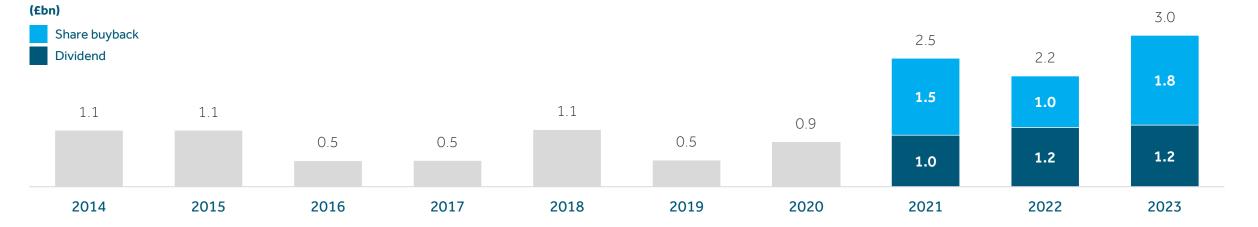
¹ Barclays Strategy Update at May 2014. £436bn RWA and 9.3% CET1 ratio as at FY13 results | ² Litigation and conduct charged to the income statement for the period 2014-2023 including in relation to customer redress, market manipulation and governance. Please see our Legal, competition and regulatory matters note on pg.473 of ARA 2023 for further detail |

Improved RoTE and increased distributions with room to grow

Strong Return on Tangible Equity in each of the last three years



Increased shareholder distributions: distributed c.35% of market cap since 2021²



We know we need to do even better

Operationally

"Consistently excellent"

Improve customer experience

Reduce organisational complexity

Continue to upgrade legacy technology

Further uplift operational controls

Financially

Drive towards higher returns within our divisions

Demonstrate stronger cost control

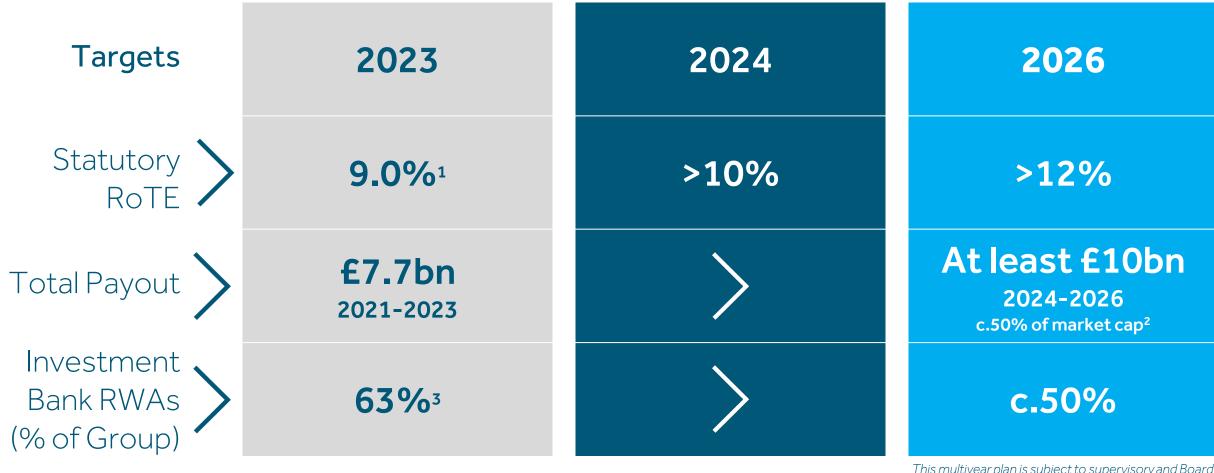
Invest RWAs in higher returning consumer and corporate businesses

Broadly stable Investment Bank RWAs including regulatory headwinds

Predictable and higher shareholder distributions

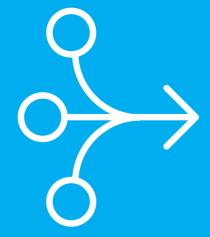
Enhanced financial reporting

6



This multiyear plan is subject to supervisory and Board approval, anticipated financial performance and our published CET1 ratio target range of 13-14%

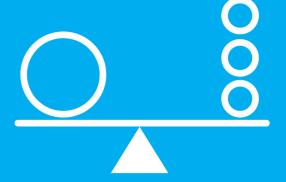
Simpler



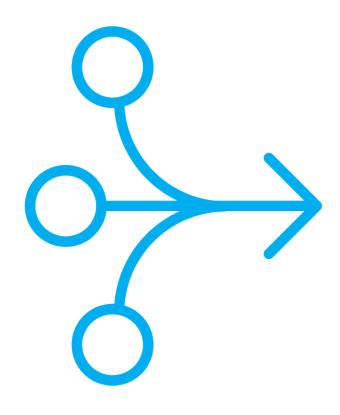
Better



More balanced



What Simpler means

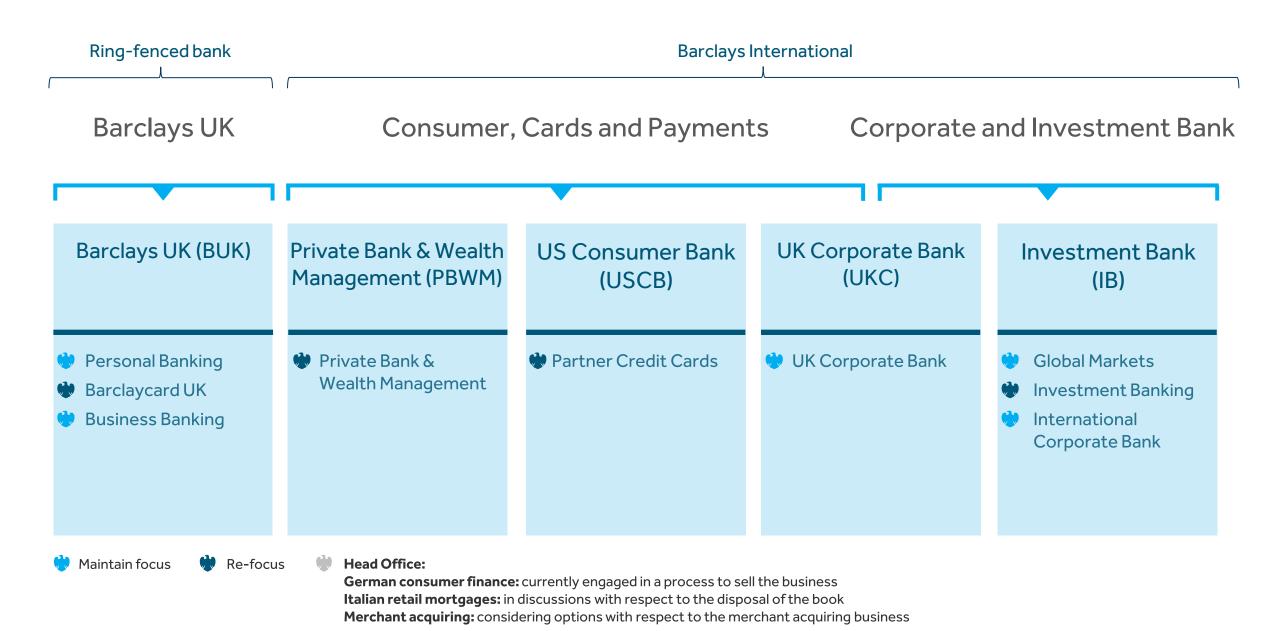


Simpler business

Simpler organisation

Simpler operations

Simpler business: five focused divisions



Simpler organisation and operations: continuing the journey

Reduce organisational complexity

Continue to upgrade legacy technology

Further uplift operational controls

Starting point

Simpler organisation

Simpler operations

BX¹ c.70k FTEs²

Right-sizing headcount; gross c.5k FTE exits in 2023

Private Bank & Wealth Management unification

75% workload on cloud c.400 legacy applications decommissioned since 2021

We will continue

Example actions

Reposition c.30% of BX employees into businesses

Outcome

Simplified decision making Improved delivery oversight Improved speed of execution

Enhanced front to back

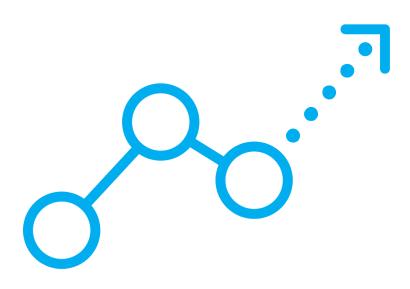
accountability

Increase to 85-90% workload on cloud

Decommission a further 450-500 legacy applications

Increased use of low-cost. industry standard technology

Reduced complexity and better operational risk management



Better returns

Better investments

Better quality income

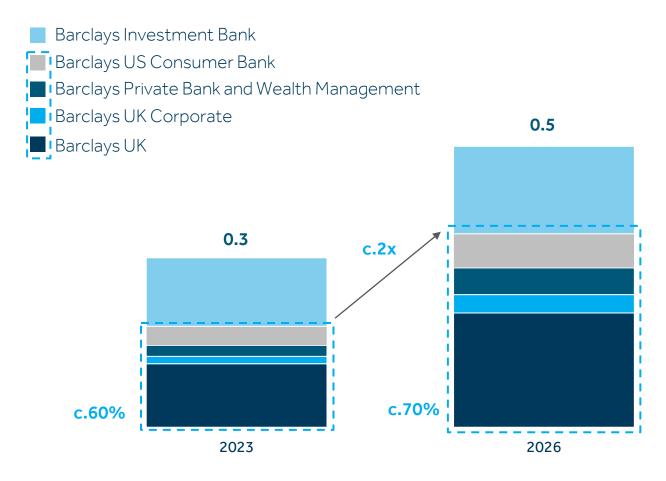
Better customer experience and outcomes

Better returns: our divisions contribute through growth and performance

Statutory RoTE	2021	2022	2023	2024	2026
Barclays UK	18%	19%	19%		High teens %
Barclays					
UK Corporate Bank	14%	19%	20%		High teens %
Barclays		36%	770/		
Private Bank & Wealth Management	23%	3070	33%		>25%
Barclays					In line with Group
Investment Bank	14%	9%	7%		mille with croup
Barclays					In line with Group
US Consumer Bank	17%	13%	4%		ITTITIE WIGH Group
Barclays Group ¹	13%	10%²	9%³	>10%	>12%

 $^{^1}$ Includes Head Office | 2 FY22 RoTE of 10.4% includes the impact of the Over-issuance of Securities (FY22 financial impacts: income gain of £292m, litigation & conduct charges of £966m). RoTE of 11.6% excluding these impacts | 3 FY23 RoTE of 9.0% includes Q423 structural cost actions of £927m. RoTE of 10.6% excluding these actions |

Investments in businesses outside of the Investment Bank¹ £bn cost spend (P&L)



Investing more on driving future returns

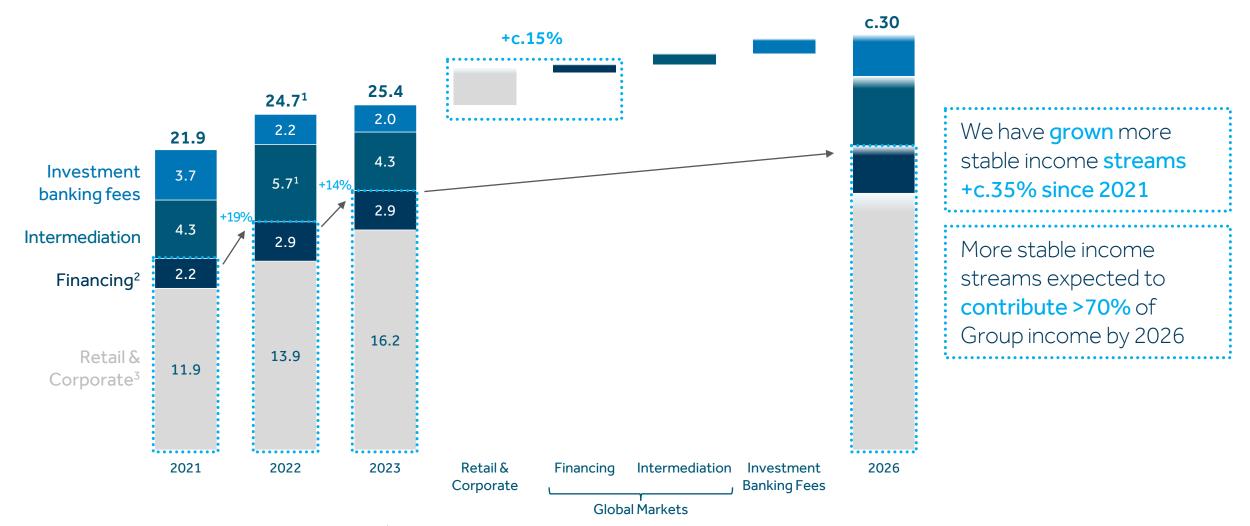
- Improving customer journeys
- Modernising platforms
- Reducing legacy technology

Expected payback:

- Income growth and protection c.1 year
- Cost efficiency c.2 years

Better quality income: diverse sources of income to support growth

Income (£bn)



¹ 2022 excludes the impact of the Over-issuance of Securities (Income of £292m) | ² Global Markets Financing includes income related to client financing in both FICC and Equities. In FICC this includes fixed income securities repurchase agreements, structured credit, warehouse and asset backed lending. In Equities this includes prime brokerage margin lending, ecurities lending, quantitative prime services, futures clearing and settlement, synthetic financing, and equity structured financing. All other items are considered intermediation | ³ Retail & Corporate consists of income from Barclays UK, Barclays UK Corporate Bank, Barclays Private Bank and Wealth Management, the International Corporate Bank, Barclays US Consumer Bank and Head Office |

Better customer experience and outcomes: where we need to do more

Barclays today

- Barclays UK Brand NPS ranked 8th¹
- 56% of UK Corporate clients rate overall quality of service as excellent or very good²
- 43% of Private Bank clients rate Barclays as best for client experience³
- US Consumer Bank: digital NPS c.60%4
- Investment Banking Fees market share reduction of 1% from 2019 to 2023⁵

Barclays tomorrow

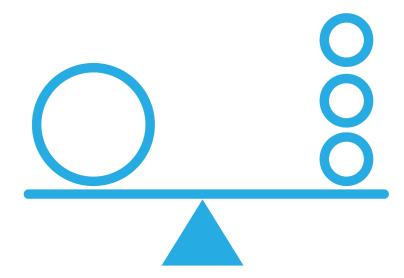
- More resilient platforms
- Tailored servicing model
- Enhanced offerings
- More regional and sector coverage
- Expanded offerings and drive proposition adoption
- Breadth of products and services with seamless referrals across the Group
- Digital customer and partner platforms
- Wide rollout of Al digital assistants
- Deliver multiple services in coordinated fashion
- Invest in talent and continue to grow a winning culture



Best-in-class customer and client experience

¹ Based on a Barclays Brand 12-month rolling net promoter score as at December 2023 (Source: IPSOS FRS Survey). Benchmarked vs. 12 banks which are Barclays, Co-op, First Direct, Halifax, Lloyds, TSB, HSBC, Metro Bank, Monzo, NatWest, Nationwide, RBS, Santander | ² Savanta | ³ Overall score across Private Bank UK and Private Bank International clients from Barclays Promising Outcomes client survey 2023 | ⁴ USCB digital tNPS. A newly tracked metric measuring USCB customer experience at the digital journey level | ⁵ Dealogic for the period covering 2019 to 2023 |

What More balanced means?



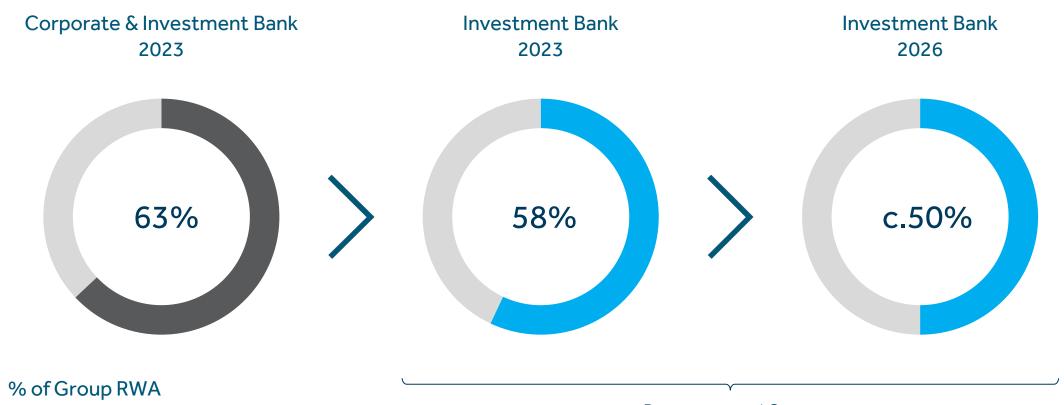
More balanced allocation of RWAs

More balanced geographical footprint

Capital allocation to our highest returning divisions

	Statutory RoTE FY21-FY23 average	RWA% of Group 2023	RWA 2023	Growth 2026 vs. 2023	Drivers	
Barclays UK	19%	21%	£74bn		Allocation of RWAs across the three	
Barclays UK Corporate Bank	18%	6%	£21bn	+c.£30bı	the transfer of the second	
Barclays Private Bank & Wealth Management	31%	2%	£7bn		Bank²)	
Barclays US Consumer Bank	11%	7%	£25bn	+c.£20bı	ncluding +c.£16bn regulation ³	
Barclays Investment Bank	10%	58%	£197bn	Broadly stab	Whilst absorbing Basel 3.1	
Barclays Group ¹ (Incl. Head Office)	11%		£343bn	+c.£50bı		

Investment Bank competitive and at scale



Re-segmented Group

Includes Global Markets and Investment Banking, which incorporates Investment Banking Fees and International Corporate Bank

Now is the right time to grow in our UK home market



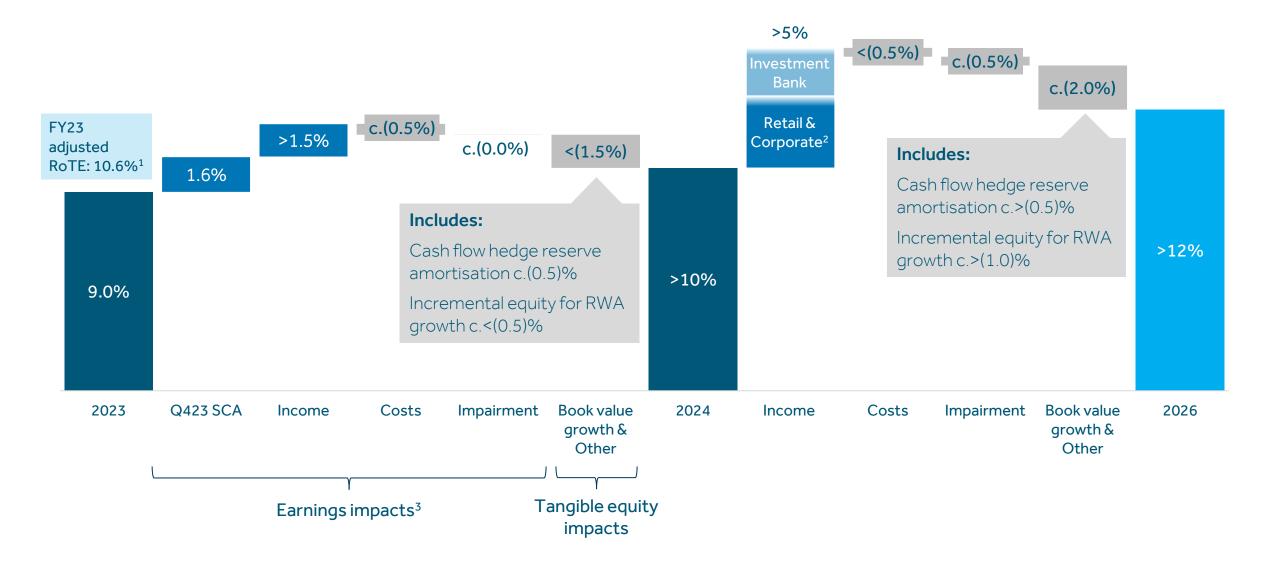
- Deep rooted presence and brand
- 2 UK economy remains resilient to geopolitical events
- Strong and trusted regulatory environment
- London is our global financial centre

Aim to become the UK-centred leader in global finance

20

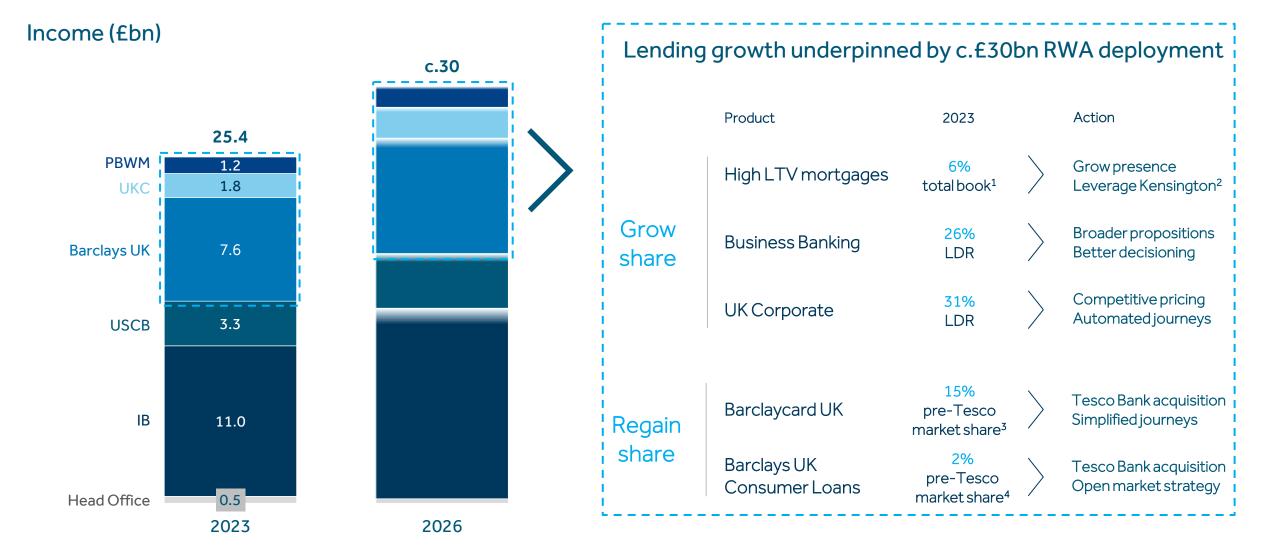
Simpler Better More balanced **Outcome**

Statutory RoTE: driving to above 12% by 2026



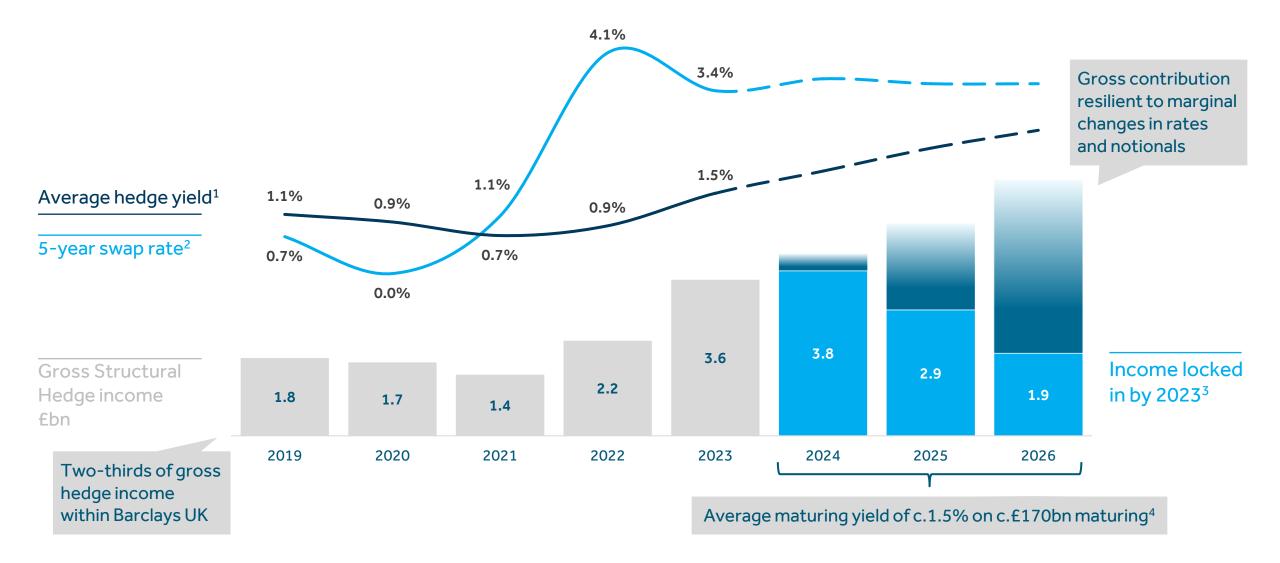
¹ Excludes Q423 structural cost actions of £927m| ² Retail & Corporate consists of income from Barclays UK, Barclays UK Corporate Bank, Barclays Private Bank and Wealth Management, the International Corporate Bank, Barclays US Consumer Bank and Head Office | ³ The bridging items from 2023-24 exclude the impact of Tesco Bank, with acquisition expected in H224. Statutory RoTE target of >10% includes the impact of Tesco bank|

Income: deploying c.£30bn of RWA to our home UK market

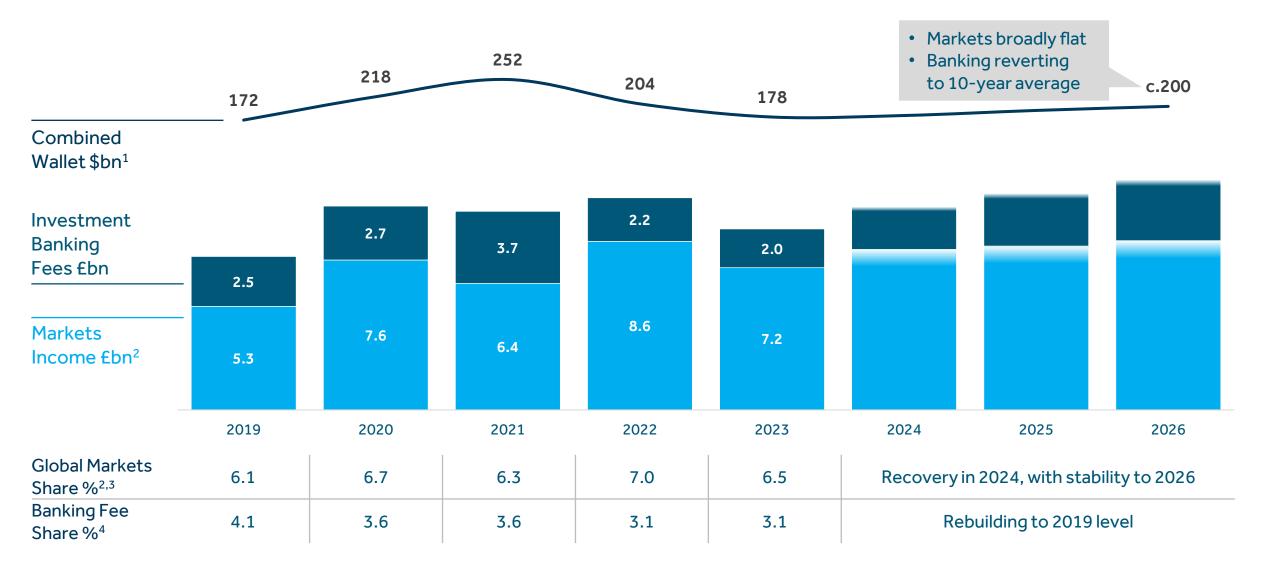


^{16%} of total book is HLTV vs. 12-14% peer average. Peer average based on an average of estimated proportion of HLTV at HSBC, Lloyds and NatWest (definition of HLTV mortgages varies between banks) | 2 Kensington Mortgage Company | 3 Credit card market share based on total balances (Source: Bank of England) | 4 Market share based on Barclays Consumer Loans, excluding Barclays Partner Finance, as a % of total consumer credit excluding credit cards and student loans (Source: Bank of England) |

Income: predictable uplift from the structural hedge

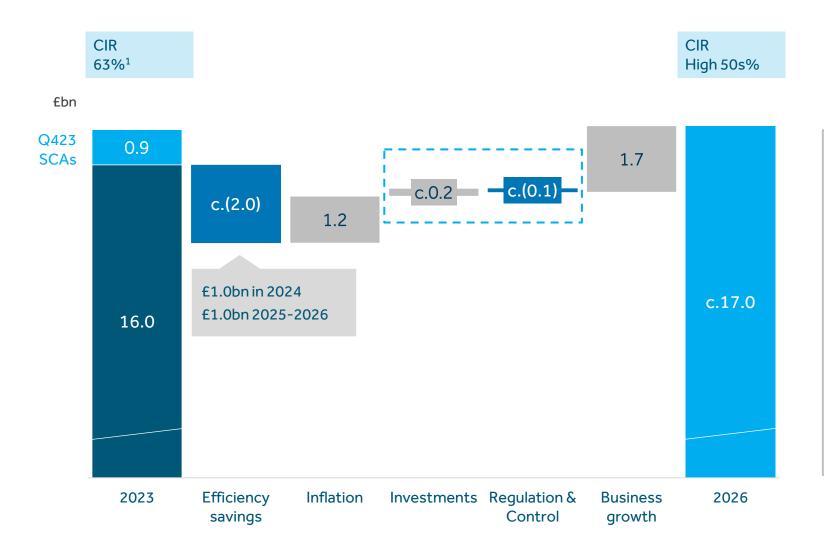


Income: realistic assumptions underpin Investment Bank growth



 $^{^1}$ Total industry wallet represents Markets & Banking revenues. 2019-2022 Markets industry revenue based on Coalition Greenwich Global Competitor Analytics, for the following peer group: BofA Securities, Barclays, BNP Paribas, Citigroup, Credit Suisse, Deutsche Bank, Goldman Sachs, J.P. Morgan, Morgan Stanley and UBS. Analysis is based on Barclays' internal business structure and internal revenues. 2023 based on Barclays internal estimates. Dealogic Banking wallet as at December 31st 2023 for the period covering 2019 to 2023 | 2 Excluding the impact of Over-Issuance of securities in 2022 | 3 Global Markets share based on Barclays' calculations using Peer reported financials, including restatements. Top 10 Peers includes Barclays and; US Peers: Bank of America, Citi, Goldman Sachs, JP. Morgan, Morgan Stanley. European Peers: BNP Paribas, Credit Suisse, Deutsche Bank, UBS | 4 Dealogic Banking Fee share as at December 31st 2023 for the period covering 2019 to 2023 |

Costs: c.£2bn cost efficiency by 2026

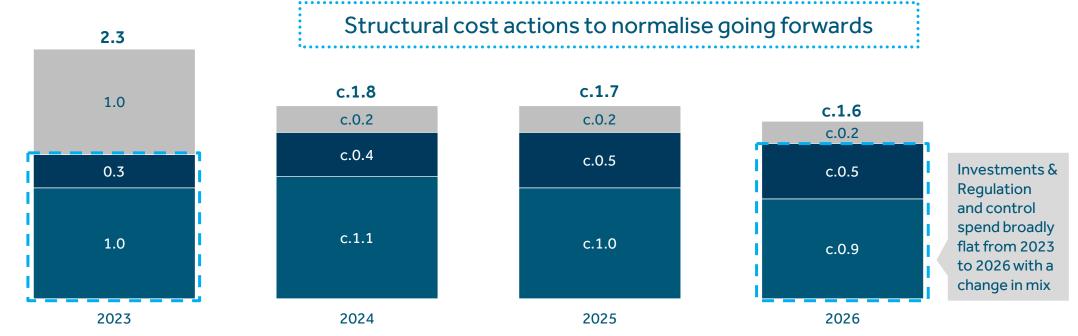


- Efficiency savings more than offsetting inflation
 - c.£0.5bn in 2024 from £1.0bn of structural cost actions in 2023
 - c.£1.5bn driven by prior and on-going efficiency investments and businessas-usual structural cost actions of c.£200-300m per year
- Business growth costs increase in line with expected income generation

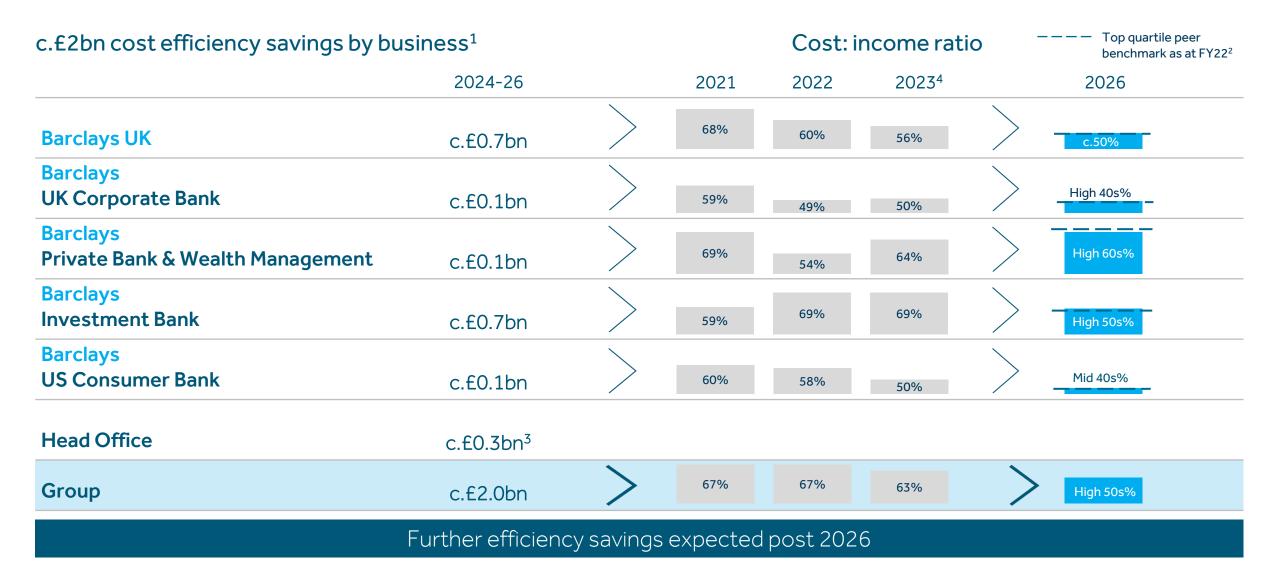
Costs: lower regulatory change spend facilitates investments in growth

Total investment (including structural cost actions) £bn cost spend (P&L)

- Structural cost actions
- Investments (income growth and protection and cost efficiency)
- Regulation and control

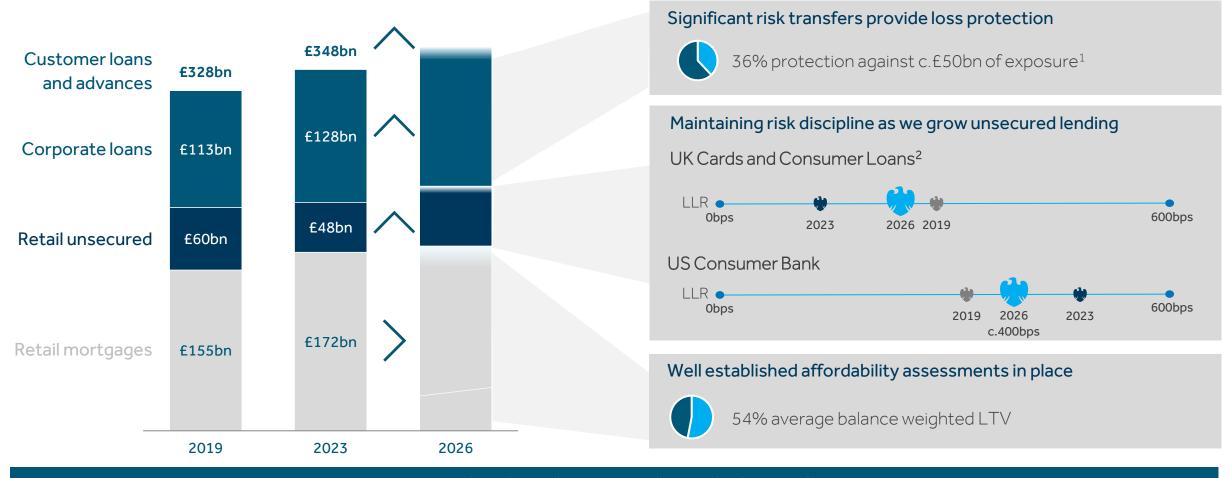


Costs: better CIRs and opportunity vs. best in class



¹Cost savings are indicative and not formal business targets | ² Peer benchmarking based on top quartile of comparable businesses averaged as at FY22 compared to Barclays FY26 guidance | ³ Includes planned savings from strategic review of business portfolio | ⁴ Excludes Q4 structural cost actions of £927m (Barclays UK: £168m, UK Corporate Bank: £27m, Private Bank & Wealth Management: £29m, Investment Bank: £169m, US Consumer Bank: £19m) |

Impairment: lending growth to maintain loan loss rate of 50-60bps



50-60bps loan loss rate through the cycle

¹ Protection against funded on-balance sheet exposure in the Corporate lending portfolio in Barclays Investment Bank and Barclays UK Corporate Bank. In terms of credit protection, individual asset level hedges may vary, but cover a significant and diverse portion of our lending portfolio, with higher average levels of protection for selected vulnerable sectors, lower quality credits and unsecured exposure | ² Includes Consumer Loans excluding Barclays Partner Finance | Note: In 2023, Corporate loans primarily included in Barclays UK, Barclays Investment Bank and Barclays UK Corporate Bank. Retail unsecured primarily included in Barclays Private Bank and Wealth Management and Barclays US Consumer Bank. Retail Mortgages primarily included in Barclays Private Bank and Wealth Management |

29

Statutory RoTE



Unemployment



UK rates



Inflation



Markets & Banking wallet (\$bn)



¹ FY23 RoTE of 9.0% includes Q423 structural cost actions of £927m. RoTE of 10.6% excluding these actions | 2 Source: Dealogic wallet as at 31 December 2023 | Note: Group plan based on an average USD/GBP FX rate of 1.27 | Note: Markets 2023 wallet and forwardlooking metrics based on internal Barclays estimates and are factored into the medium-term plan

Capital distributions: prioritising returns to shareholders

1. Regulatory capital

2. Shareholder distributions

3. Investment

Protect our customers, clients and investors

Sufficient headroom to absorb regulatory headwinds

Operate within **13-14%** target CET1 range



Increase returns to our shareholders

Capital distributions through dividends and share buybacks, with a continued preference for buybacks

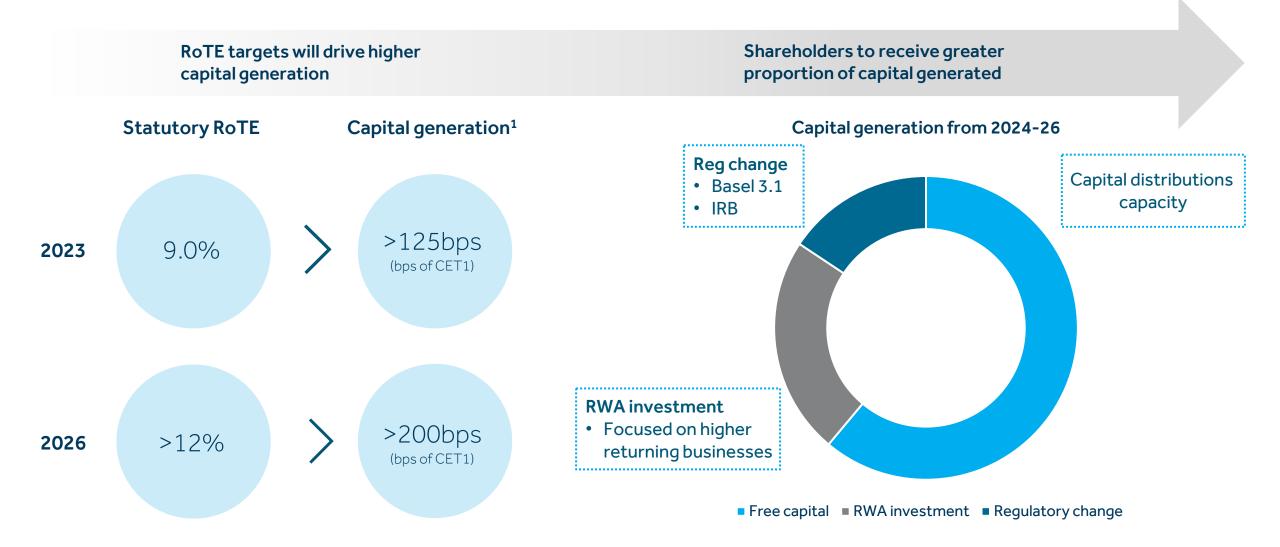
Plan to return at least **£10bn** 2024-2026¹



Grow our business for the benefit of all our stakeholders

Investments meet long term return hurdle rates

Group RoTE > **12%** by 2026



¹ Includes attributable profit for the year and other capital supply movements

Capital distributions: plan to return at least £10bn¹

2023

£3.0bn

£1.8bn buyback £1.2bn dividend

c.15% of market cap²

Broadly in line with 2023

2025-2026

Progressive increase

2024-2026

Plan to return at least

£10bn

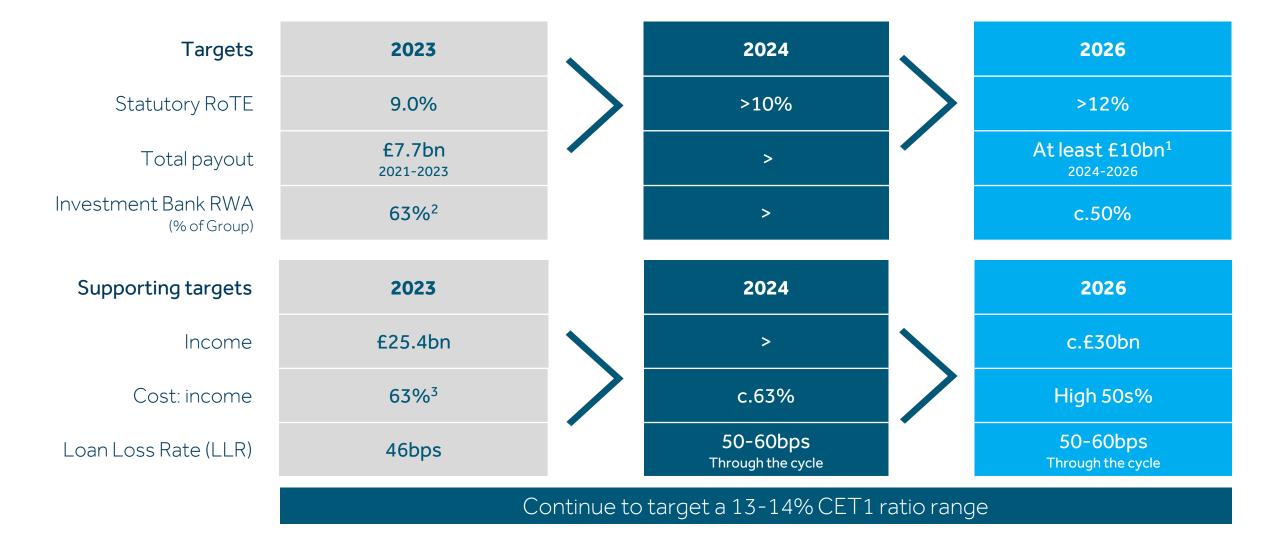
2024-261

c.50% of market cap²

Capital distributions through dividends and share buybacks, with a continued preference for buybacks

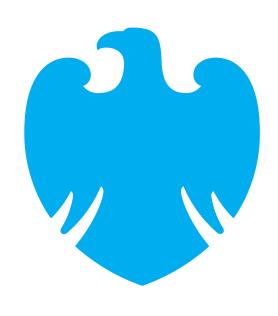
Plan to keep total dividend stable at 2023 level in absolute terms, with progressive dividend growth per share driven through share count reduction as a result of increased share buybacks

Our financial goals for the next three years



This multiyear plan is subject to supervisory and Board approval, anticipated financial performance and our published CET1 ratio target range of 13-14% | 2 63% based on prior Corporate and Investment Bank segmentation. Re-segmented Barclays Investment Bank 58% |

³ Excludes Q423 structural cost actions of £927m



- 1 High returning UK retail and corporate franchises
- Top-tier global Investment Bank with focus and scale, operating in core UK and US markets
- Multiple levers to allocate capital in a disciplined way to drive growth within higher returning divisions and greater RWA productivity in the Investment Bank
- Reset level of returns, **delivering double-digit RoTE**, targeting >12% by 2026
- Growing capital return to shareholders; at least £10bn¹ 2024-2026







Barclays Investment Bank £11.0bn





UK Corporate Bank

UK Corporate Bank

£1.6bn¹

Investment Banking Fees £2.0bn

Investment Banking £3.8bn

Advisory | ECM | DCM

International Corporate Bank £1.8bn

- Corporate Lending
- Transaction Banking

- Corporate Lending
- Transaction Banking
- Payments issuing

FICC £4.8bn

Global Markets £7.2bn



Equities £2.4bn

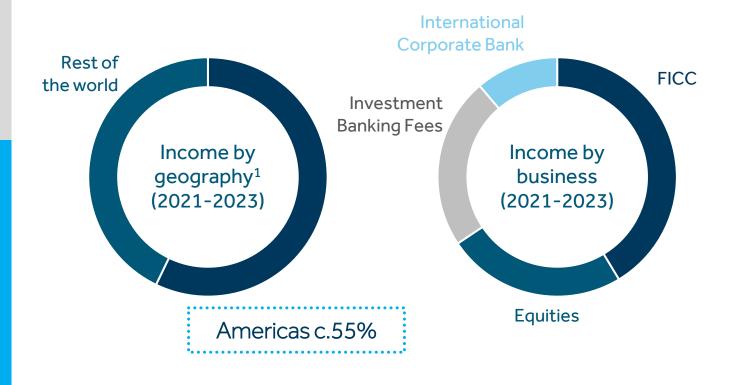
Barclays Investment Bank today

At scale, focused Global Markets and Investment Banking franchises

Core strengths

- 1. Diversified stable income
- 2. Deep relationships with our largest clients
- 3. Established top tier businesses
- 4. Strong risk and capital discipline
- **5.** Strong synergies across the Investment Bank

Leading non-US investment bank²



#6 Global Markets and Investment Banking²

Equity Research

1,700+

companies under coverage

Credit Research

900+

issuers under coverage

Macro Research

Integrated offering across economics, rates, FX and EM

Data Driven

Data Hub

Helping clients harness the power of differentiated data

Systematic

Innovative insights into systematic investing in Credit and Equities

ESG & Thematic

FSG

Integrated offering to help clients manage emerging risks

Thematic

Identify thematic trends of the future

Barclays Rankings¹

#4 Global Research

#3 Developed Markets Research

#3 Global Fixed Income Research

#4 European Equity Research

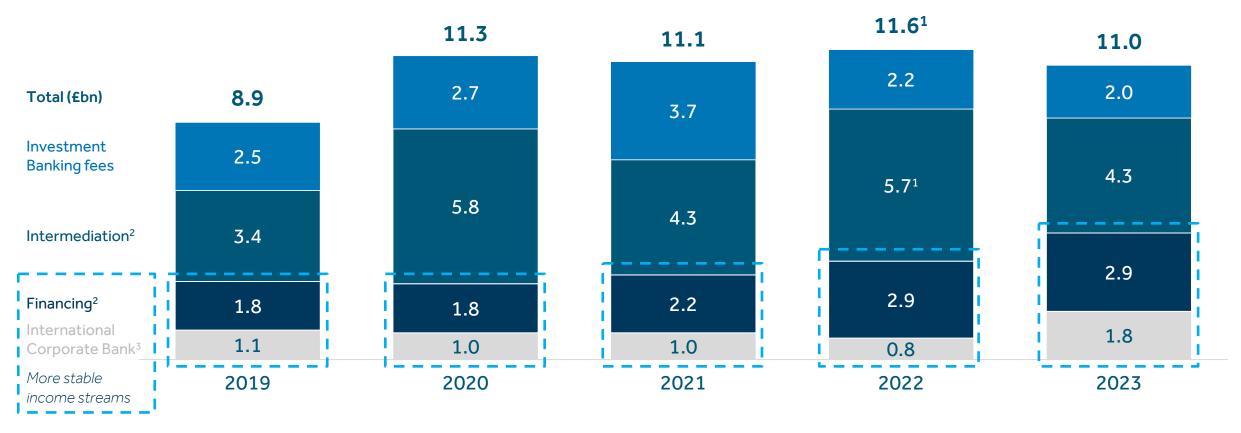
#7 US Equity Sector Research

¹ Institutional Investor magazine announces top global research firms using 2023 aggregate data from all the annual Institutional Investor surveys. Votes from the Street's largest investors, known as weighted rankings, place Barclays #4 as a Global Research firm and #3 for Developed Markets. On a weighted basis, European Equity Research ranked #4 in the 2023 Institutional Investor Global Fixed Income Research Survey for the second year in a row. Barclays ranked #7 in US Equity Sector Research in the 2023 Institutional Investor All-America Equity Research Survey

Financial performance 2021-23

Financials	2021	2022	2023
RoTE	14%	9%	7%
Income (£bn)	11.1	11.9 ¹	11.0
Cost (£bn)	6.5	8.3	7.7
Cost: income	59%	69%	70%
PBT (£bn)	5.0	3.5	3.2
RWA (£bn)	182	196	197
Income/ Average RWA (%)	6.4%	5.8%	5.5%

Stable income in different macro-economic and market environments



Decline in Industry Wallet		Pandemic Dislocation	Record Banking Wallet	Geopolitical Instability	Inflation highs & Central Bank Activity
Total industry wallet (\$bn)4	172	218	252	204	178

¹Income excluding the impact of the Over-issuance of Securities of £292m | ² Global Markets | ³ Corporate Lending includes fair value movement on lending and hedges which can fluctuate from period to period | ⁴ Total industry wallet represents Markets & Banking revenues. Markets industry revenue based on Coalition Greenwich Global Competitor Analytics, for the following peer group: BofA Securities, Barclays, BNP Paribas, Citigroup, Credit Suisse, Deutsche Bank, Goldman Sachs, J.P. Morgan, Morgan Stanley and UBS. Analysis is based on Barclays' internal business structure and internal revenues. 2023 based on Barclays internal estimates. Dealogic Banking wallet as at December 31st 2023 for the period covering 2019 to 2023 |

Scale businesses at different stages of progress

Business today

Global Markets

Significant technology and capital investments made since 2019

- Deepened relationships with key clients
- Grown more stable Financing income
- Improved capital discipline and velocity

Investment Banking

Franchise repositioned in 2023

- New leadership
- Deliberate focus on key clients
- Focused investments in talent in key sectors
- Fully integrated International Corporate Bank



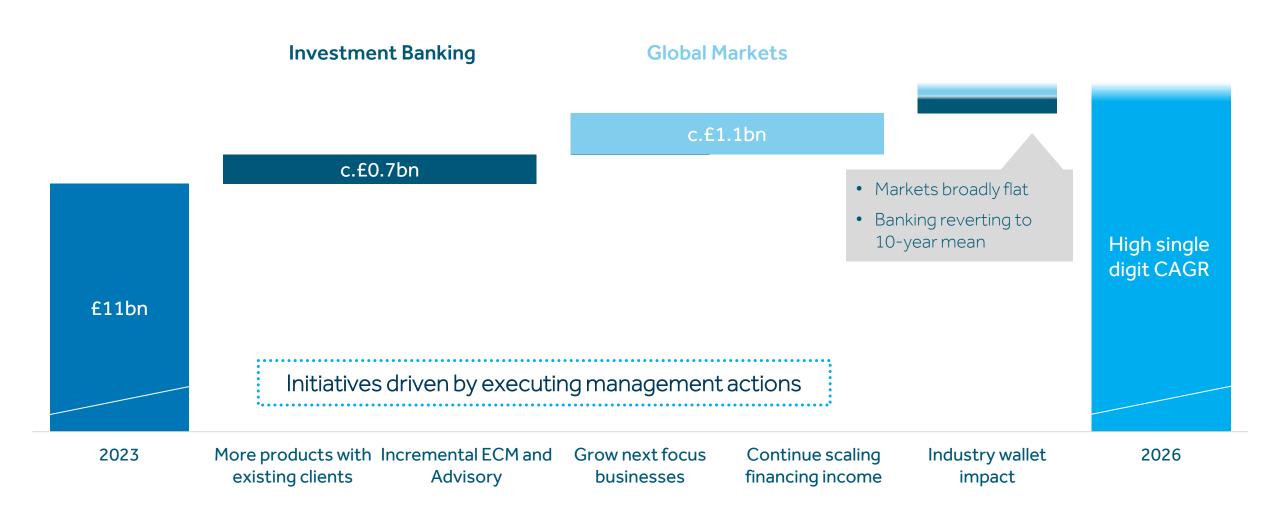
Business tomorrow

- Monetise technology and capital investments already made
- Consolidate gains in Financing
- Grow share in focus businesses

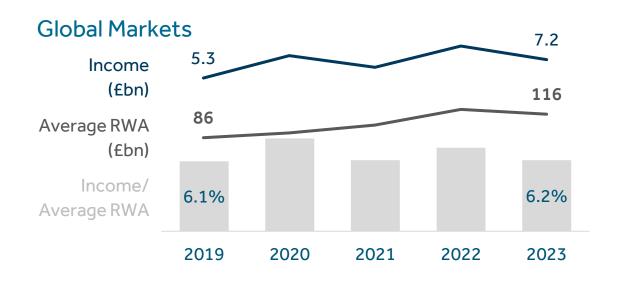


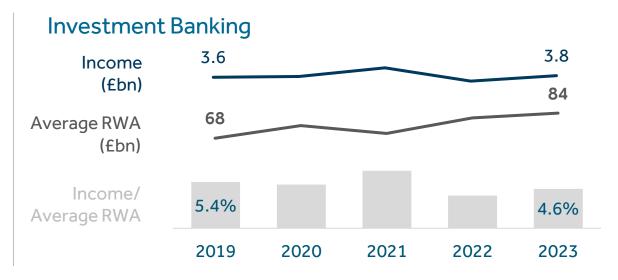
- Reallocate RWAs towards higher returning businesses and opportunities
- Deliver more products per client
- Grow in capital-efficient products
- Rebuild market share to 2019 level

Over half of income growth driven by executing management actions



Plan to increase RWA productivity in Investment Banking





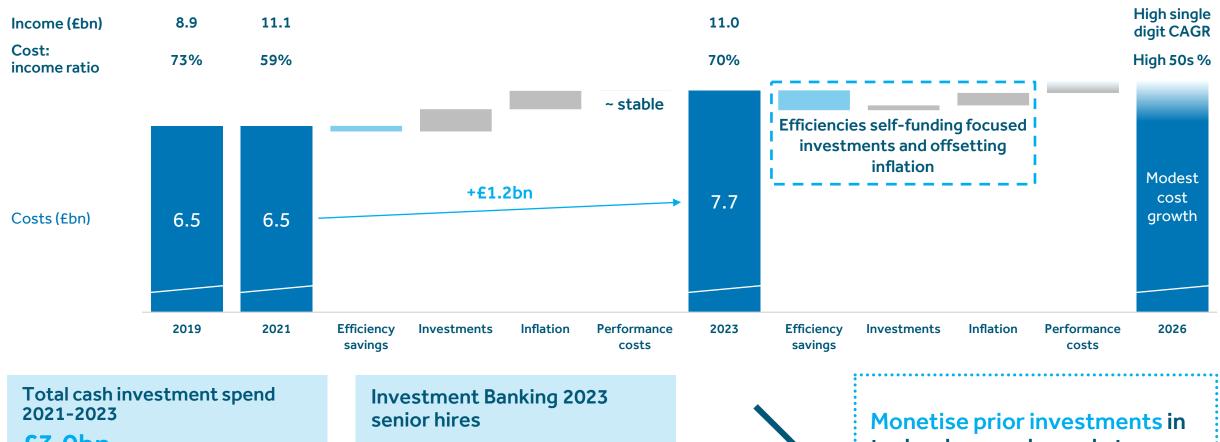
Barclays Investment Bank productivity to increase



- RWAs reallocated within Investment Bank towards higher returning International Corporate Bank and Global Markets Financing
- Global Markets continuing journey to absorb incremental RWAs under Basel 3.1

Investment
Bank RWAs
expected
to remain
broadly stable

Modest cost growth due to prior investments in technology and people



£3.0bn

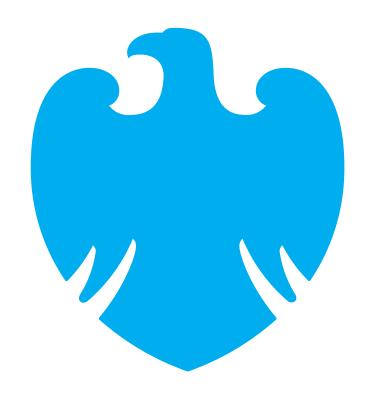
Two-thirds invested in Markets technology

>60%

in focus sectors and products



technology and people to grow future income

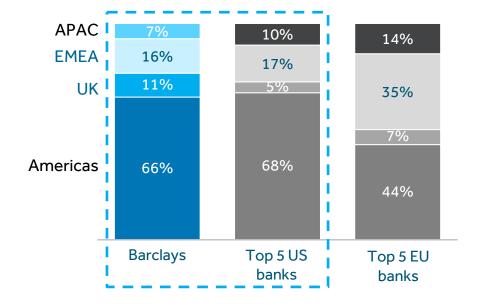


Investment Banking

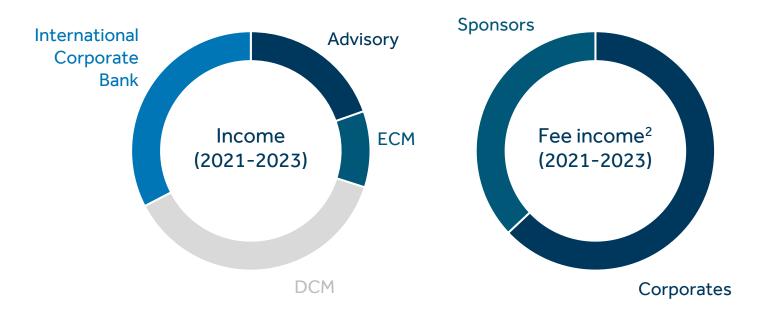
Investment Banking today



Focus on attractive US and UK markets²



Leading franchises with further potential



Leverage DCM strengths to enhance returns

Strong corporate client relationships and capabilities

#5 in DCM globally¹

Access to global capital markets

International Corporate Bank Fully integrated Treasury platform

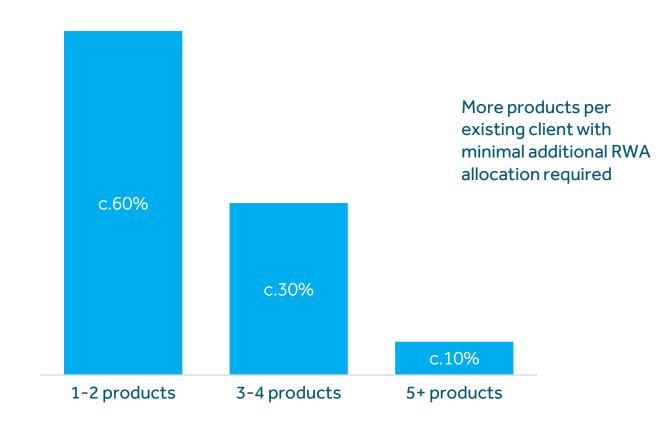
Leading capabilities in corporate Equity Derivatives, Rates and FX

Hedging solutions

Risk management

Driving greater number of non-lending products with existing clients

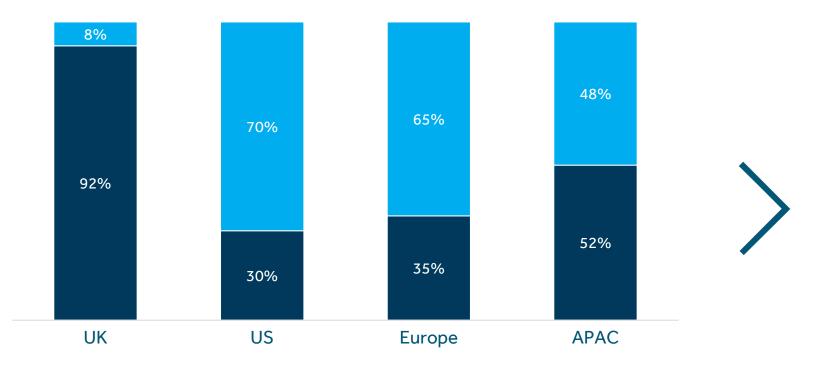
Proportion of clients we lend to²



Integrated International Corporate Bank platform

Leverage ICB opportunity with multinational clients outside the UK

Proportion of clients¹



- Corporate Banking opportunity with existing IB clients
- Existing IB clients with Corporate Banking products

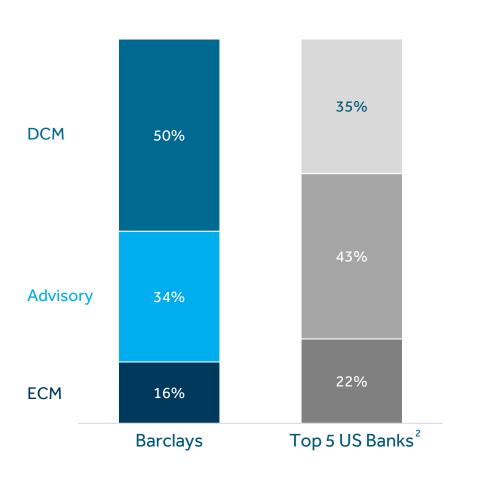
- Strong cross-border client proposition
- Capital efficient growth
- High quality income

c.80%

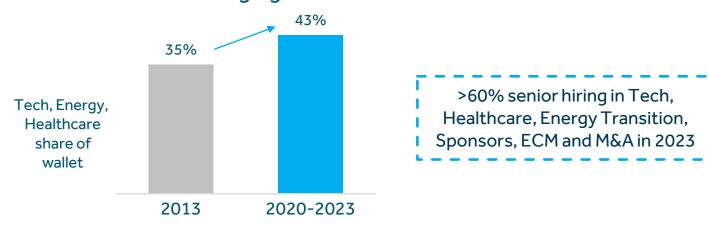
proportion of ICB income that is recurring²

Rebalance footprint towards ECM and Advisory

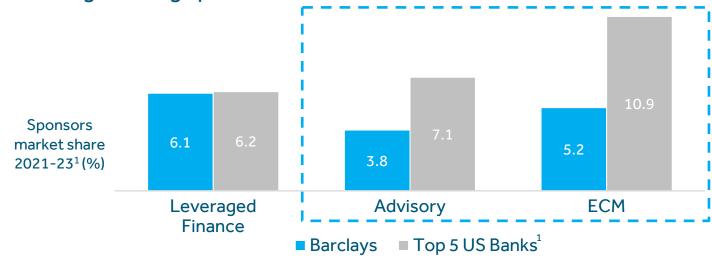
Currently underweight ECM and Advisory¹



Invested in talent in high growth sectors

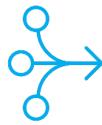


Leverage strong sponsor franchise



Investment Banking 2026: Simpler, Better and More balanced

Simpler

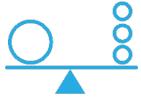


Better





More balanced



 Integrated International Corporate Bank platform

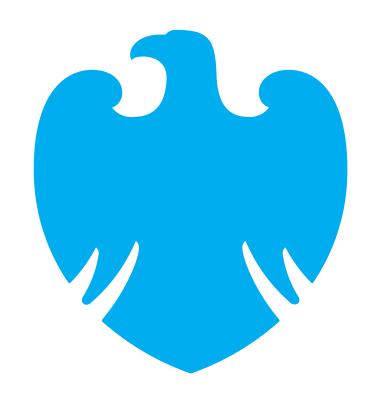
- Leverage DCM strengths to enhance returns
- Deepen client relationships
- Rebalance footprint towards ECM and Advisory
- Reinforce presence with sponsors and grow with corporate clients



>£0.7bn income growth from management actions

Improve Income/RWAs

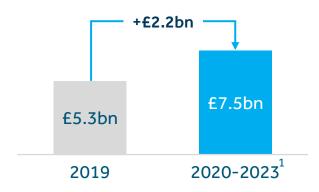
Fee share rebuilding to 2019 level (~4%1)



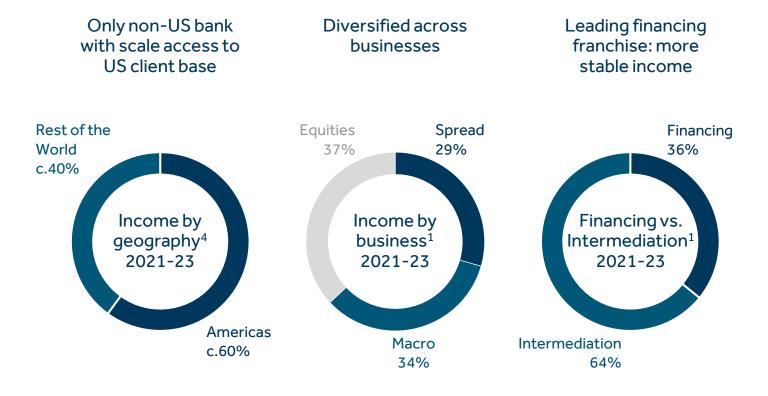
Global Markets

Global Markets today

Executed Markets Strategy to reset baseline income average







¹ Excluding the Over-issuance of securities | ² Based on Barclays analysis using internal and external sources | ³ 1H23 and FY19 Coalition Greenwich Global Competitor Analytics. Industry wallet is defined as the total revenue of the following banks: BofA, Barclays, BNP Paribas, Citigroup, Credit Suisse, Deutsche Bank, Goldman Sachs, J.P. Morgan, Morgan Stanley and UBS. Analysis is based on Barclays' internal business structure and internal revenues. Market share for purpose of this analysis is calculated as Barclays' internal revenues divided by the aggregate revenue of the banks identified above within the given product set | ⁴ Based on an average of FY21, FY22 and H123 income currency mix. Range may vary depending on business mix and macroeconomic environment and historical outcomes may not be indicative of future currency mix | Note: Charts may not sum due to rounding |

Simpler: monetise our deep client relationships

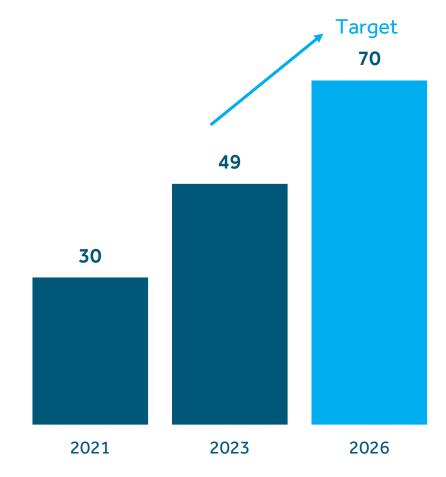
#5 Global Markets franchise by client share¹



- =#5 Global G10 Rates
- =#2 Global G10 Credit
- #4 Americas FICC
- #5 Americas Equities



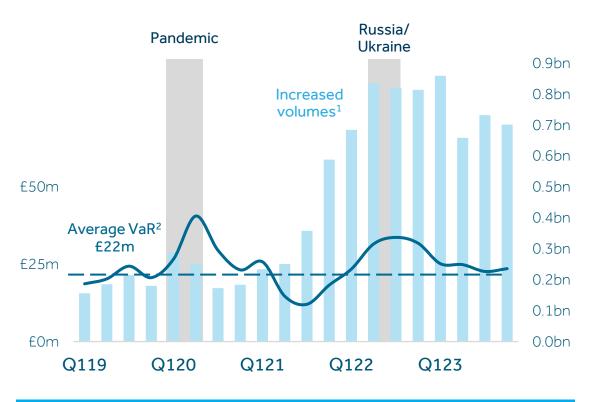
Ranked Top 5 counterpart by half of our Top 100 clients¹



¹ Based on Barclays analysis using internal and external sources. 2019 share based on Top 100 clients as at 2023. "=#" refers to a joint rank

Simpler: maintain our prudent risk management

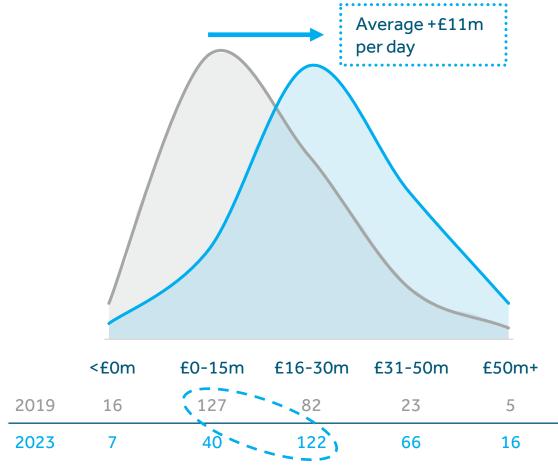
Growth in client volumes underpinned by disciplined approach to risk



c.20% of intermediation RWAs recycled each quarter to optimise returns

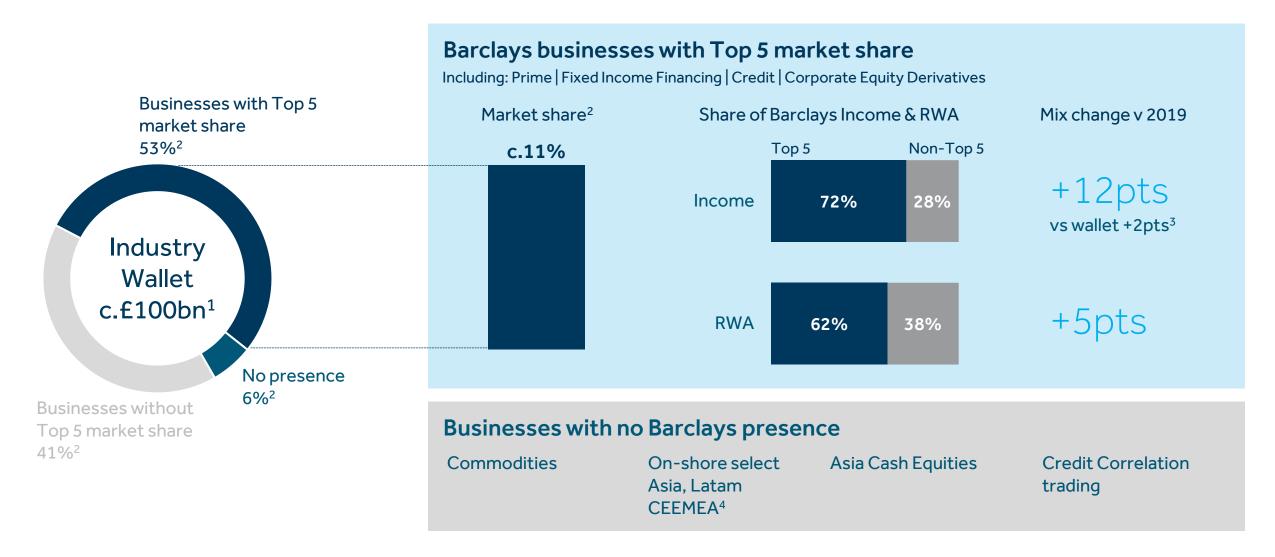
Increased floor on income since 2019

Daily trading income distribution³



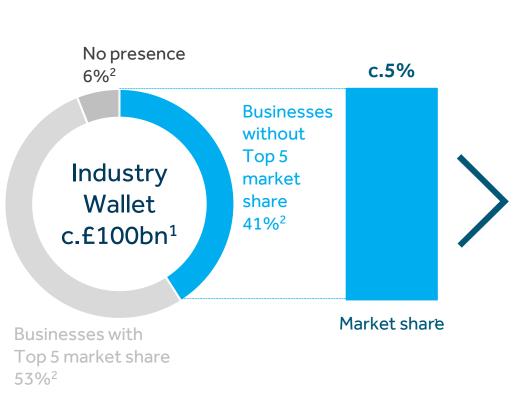
¹ Quarterly number of trade tickets across FX, Rates, Credit Cash, Credit Derivatives, Equities Derivatives and Sec Products Cash | ² Quarterly 95% VaR | ³ The graph and table above present, by number of business days, the frequency distribution of Markets net income for positions included in VaR |

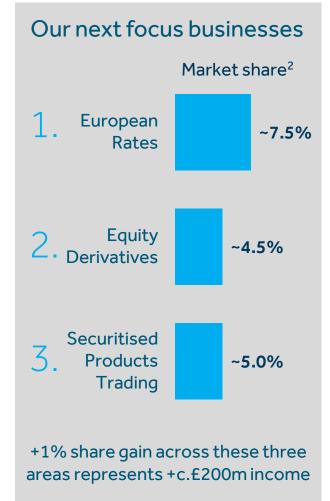
Better: sustain momentum in our businesses with Top 5 market share



¹ Barclays' internal estimate of wallet including commodities for FY23 | ² 1H23 Coalition Greenwich Global Competitor Analytics. Industry wallet is defined as the total revenue of the following banks: BofA, Barclays, BNP Paribas, Citigroup, Credit Suisse, Deutsche Bank, Goldman Sachs, J.P. Morgan, Morgan Stanley and UBS. Analysis is based on Barclays' internal business structure and internal revenues of this analysis is calculated as Barclays' internal revenue of the banks identified above within the given product set | ³ 1H23 and FY19 Coalition Greenwich Competitor Analytics. Peer group is based on the following banks: BofA Securities, Barclays, BNP Paribas, Citigroup, Credit Suisse, Goldman Sachs, J.P. Morgan, Morgan Stanley, Deutsche Bank and UBS. Analysis is based on Barclays' internal business structure and internal income | ⁴ Central and Eastern Europe, Middle East and Africa |

Better: grow our next focus businesses







Better: improve our electronic offering

Since 2021¹

Simplify

35%

reduction in legacy feeds

84

applications decommissioned

Modernise

50%

increase in reusable services

100%

new trading applications containerised⁷



78%

reduction in technology outages

53%

reduction in operational breaks

Agile

30%

reduction in new feature time to market⁶

12%

increase in algorithms released

Stronger platforms

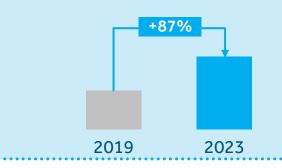
#1 London Stock Exchange for three years running²

Top 3 average EMEA Rates Cash across major platforms³

Top 5 Global FX Spot streaming across major platforms⁴

#4 US IG Credit on MarketAxess⁵

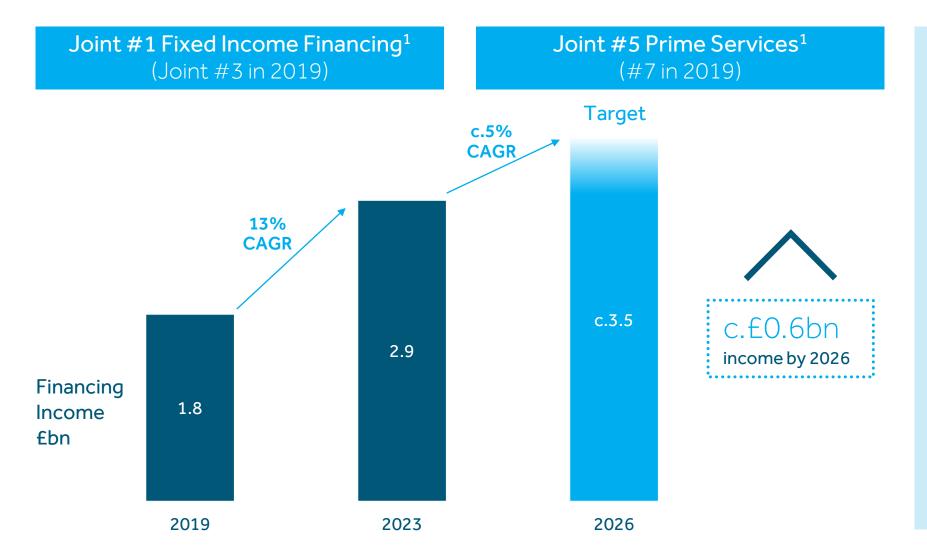
eFX spot & electronic cash equities income







More balanced: continue scaling more stable financing income



Financing

- Represents 36% of Global Markets income 2021-2023
- High returning, RWA-efficient secured lending
- Financing mandates underpin client relationships

Established business

- Financing relationship with 96 of Global Markets Top 100 clients
- Prime broker to over 50% of \$1bn+ new fund launches since 2021

¹ Coalition Greenwich Competitor Analytics, 1H23 Global Results. Analysis based on the following banks: Barclays, BofA Securities, BNP Paribas, Citigroup, Credit Suisse, Deutsche Bank, Goldman Sachs, J.P. Morgan, Morgan Stanley, UBS. Analysis is based on Barclays' internal income numbers and business structure | Note: Global Markets Financing includes income related to client financing in both FICC and Equities. In FICC this includes fixed income securities repurchase agreements, structured credit, warehouse and asset backed lending. In Equities this includes prime brokerage margin lending, securities lending, quantitative prime services, futures clearing and settlement, synthetic financing. All other items are considered intermediation |

Global Markets 2026: Journey to Simpler, Better and More balanced

Simpler



Better



More balanced



- Monetise our deep client relationships
- Maintain our prudent risk management
- Sustain momentum in our businesses with Top 5 market share
- Grow our next focus businesses
- Improve our electronic offering
- Continue scaling more stable financing income

70

Top 5 rank with the Top 100 clients

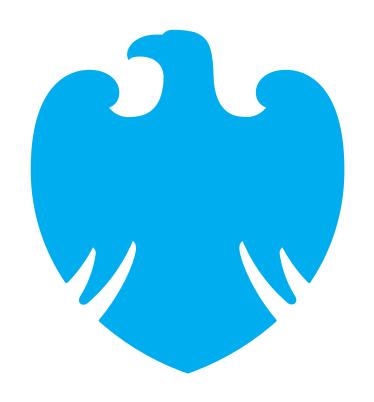


+c.£0.5bn

Growth from our focus businesses

+c.£0.6bn

Growth from our financing platform



Barclays Investment Bank

Today's financials and 2026 targets

Financials	2021	2022	2023	2026 Targets
RoTE	14%	9%	7%	In line with Group
Income (£bn)	11.1	11.9 ¹	11.0	High single digit CAGR
Cost: income	59%	69%	70%	High 50s %
RWA (£bn)	182	196	197	Broadly stable c.50% of Group RWA
Income / Average RWA	6.4%	5.8%	5.5%	Increase vs. 2023

 $^{^{1}\,\}mathrm{Excluding}\,\mathrm{Over}\text{-}\mathrm{issuance}\,\mathrm{of}\,\mathrm{Securities},\mathrm{income}\,\mathrm{was}\,\mathrm{£}11.6\mathrm{bn}\,|$



Barclays US Consumer Bank today

20+ years of expertise in US cards

#9 US card issuer1

A leading issuer in US partner cards market^{1,3}

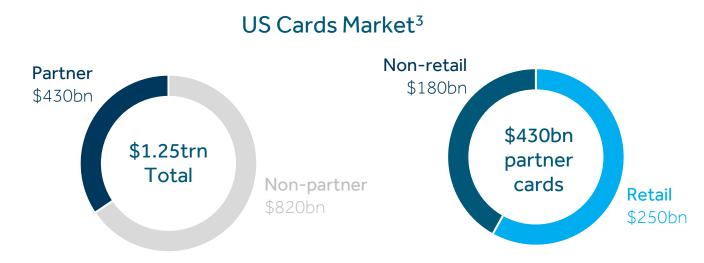
20 client partners

c.20m customer accounts

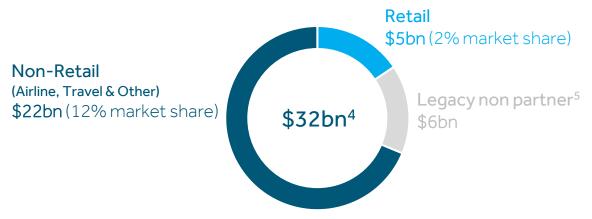
Prime book²: Average customer FICO c.750

Core strengths

- 1. Deep partnership card expertise
- 2. Strong risk management
- 3. Track record of profitable growth
- 4. Synergies with Barclays Investment Bank







Significant growth opportunity, particularly in Retail

Our ability to succeed in the attractive US partner market

3rd

largest card market globally¹ 5%

balances CAGR over past 10 years

>80%3

of US cardholders use rewards cards

 $>200m^{4}$

customers we can access through our partners

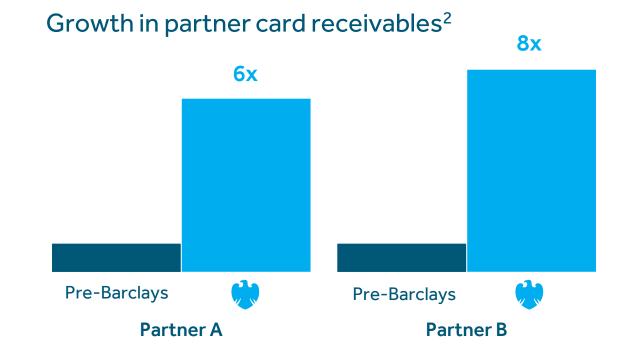
Specialised capabilities required to compete in partner card market

Why partners choose Barclays

Track record of growing partner programmes

Partnership focus (no own brand distractions)

Platform designed for seamless partner integration



With 20 leading US brands as our partners









































66

Financial performance 2021-23

Key Metrics ¹	2021	2022	2023
RoTE	17%	13%	4%
End Net Receivables (\$bn)	22	29	32
Income (£bn)	1.8	2.6	3.3
Net interest margin (%)	7.6%	9.7%	10.9%
Cost: Income ratio (%)	60%	58%	51%
Loan Loss Rate (bps) ²	116	237	514
RWA (£bn)	17.1	23.9	24.8

 $^{^1}$ All metrics shown on IFRS basis | 2 LLR calculated as Impairment charge / Average Gross Loans and Advances in addition to ENR includes Loans and Advances to banks, Debt securities, recovery book, and accrued interest. For 2023 Gross Loans and Advances for USCB was £28bn

RoTE



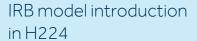
- Long track record of growth and returns
- Target 2026 RoTE (including IRB) is in line with Group target, mid-teens thereafter

Impairment



- Long track record of prudent risk management
- Reserve rebuild in 2023 from COVID lows
- Trend towards long run average annual LLR of c.400 bps1

Capital headwind

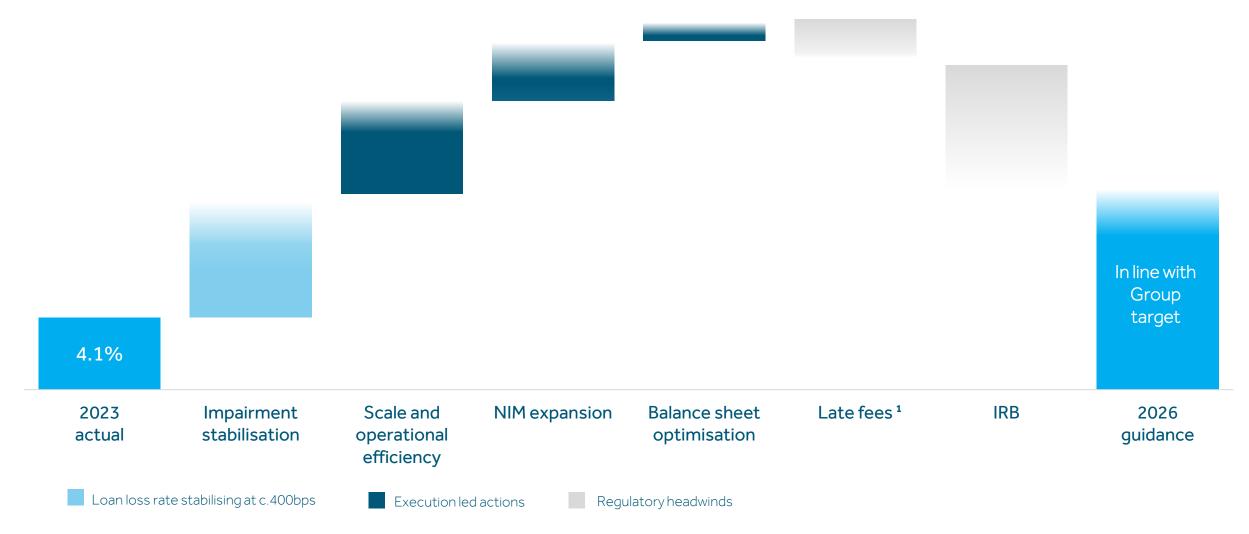




- c.£16bn IRB RWA increase in H224, pre-mitigating actions
- US-based card issuers impacted by adoption of Basel 3.1 in 2025

Path to delivering RoTE in line with Group target by 2026

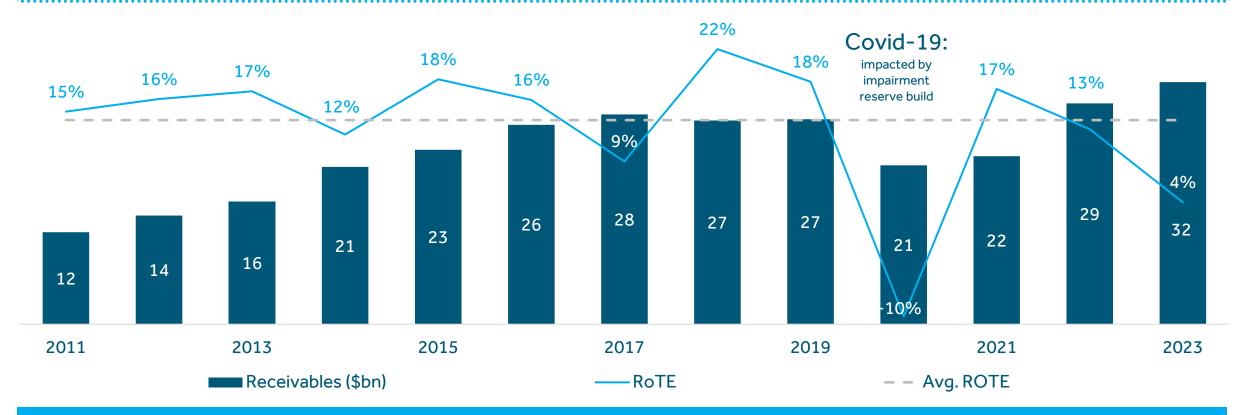
Improving RoTE whilst absorbing regulatory headwinds



 $^{^1}$ Estimated impact of proposed regulation in US capping late fees \mid Note: Chart not to scale \mid

Long track record of growth and returns

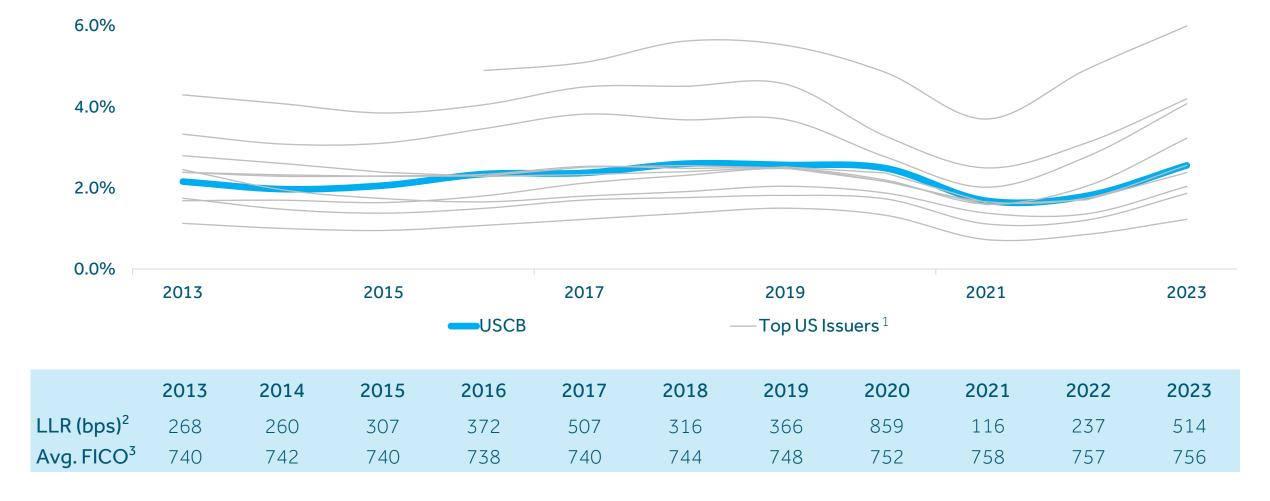
c.8.5% receivables CAGR¹, and c.400bps average LLR¹



Origination incurs "J-curve" effects which dampens in-year RoTE Impact was significant post Covid-19 but will reduce with scale and more stable growth

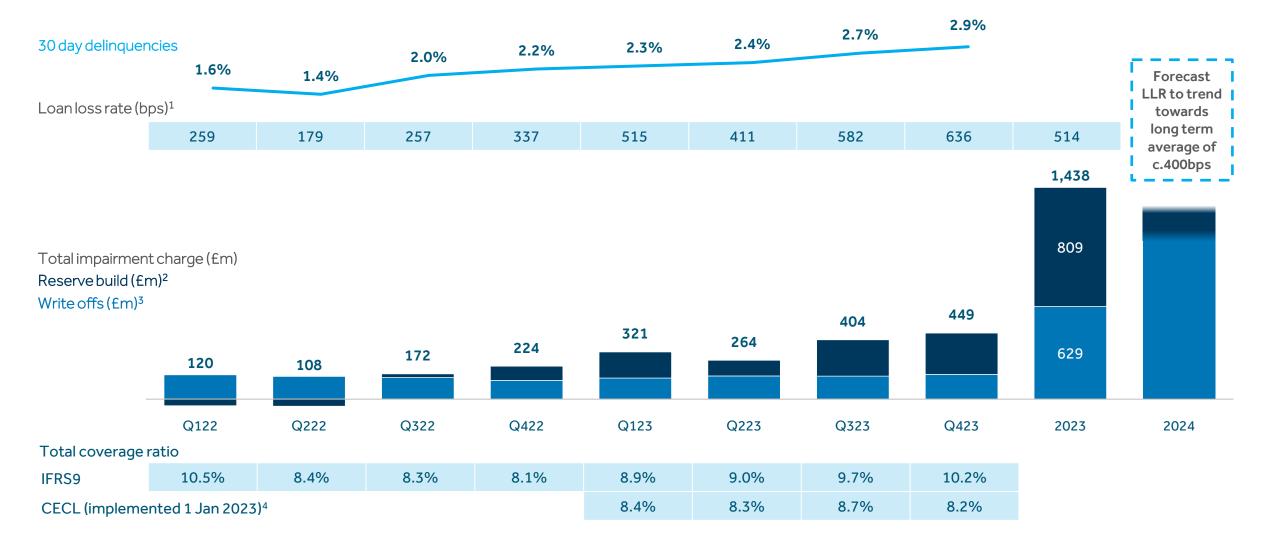
Delinquency rates consistently well-positioned among leading US card issuers

USCB 30 day delinquency rates vs peers



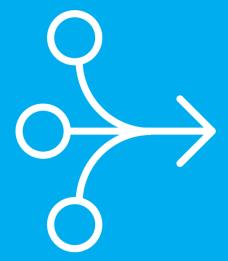
¹Each line represents one of the other top-10 largest US issuers, by receivables - data sourced from annual reports | ²LLR calculated as Impairment charge / Average Gross Loans and Advances in addition to ENR includes Loans and Advances to banks, Debt securities, recovery book, and accrued interest. For 2023 Gross Loans and Advances for USCB was £28bn. Note: 2013-2017 figures are before the adoption of IFRS 9 and so may not be directly comparable to the 2018-2023 figures | ³Includes only open accounts, does not include Business Card or Personal Loan accounts |

Higher delinquencies in US cards driving impairment reserve build



¹ LLR calculated as Impairment charge / Average Gross Loans and Advances. Gross Loans and Advances in addition to ENR includes Loans and Advances to banks, Debt securities, recovery book, and accrued interest. For 2023 Gross Loans and Advances for USCB was £28bn | ² Expected Credit Loss in anticipation of future write-offs | ³ Typically 12 months after charge-off which occurs six months after an account misses their first payment | ⁴ Represents impairment reserve based on lifetime expected losses as a percentage of end net receivables | Note: This slide reflects US Consumer Bank financial results with the exception of the coverage ratios which are US Cards financials |

Simpler

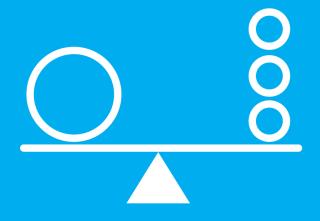


Investing in digitisation to deliver operational efficiencies and enhanced customer experience

Better



More balanced



Scale and diversify by growing existing partnerships and winning new partners

Improve NIM by optimising pricing and credit mix, whilst reducing funding costs

Selective risk transfer to optimise use of balance sheet

Investing in digitisation and automation

Better digital experience for customers, reducing workflow into operations



Enhanced rewards tracking & redemption



Intuitive, 100% digital merchant disputes

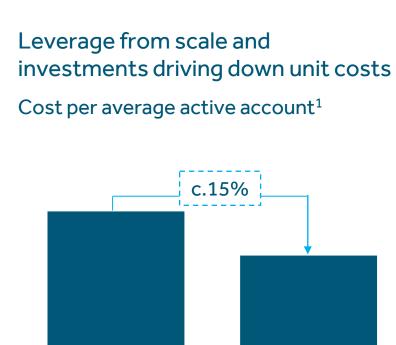
Improved tools and automation will increase operational productivity



Al Digital Assistants



Simpler, more modern operations platforms

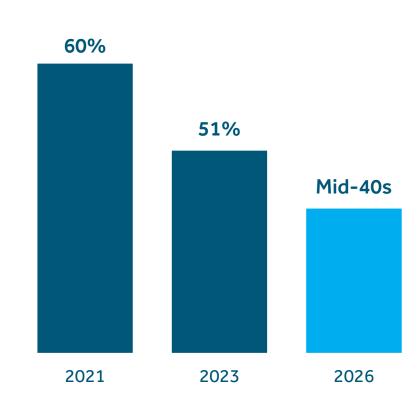


2021

2023

Combined with margin uplifts, drives down CIR

Cost-income ratio



 $^{^1\,\}text{Total operating expenses divided by average number of active accounts}.\,\text{Period declines based in USD}\,$

Better and More balanced portfolio to drive increased margins

Grow balances and diversify towards retail

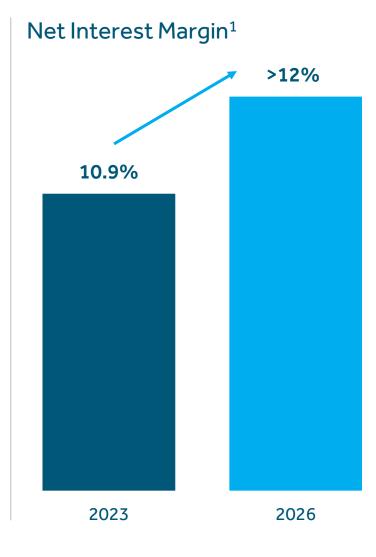
Optimise pricing

Reduce funding costs through retail deposit growth



- Grow balances from \$32bn to c.\$40bn by 2026
- Increase retail as % of portfolio from c.15% to c.20% by 2026
- Rebalance FICO mix to optimise risk-adjusted returns
- Adapt pricing to accommodate industry-wide late fee legislation

- Increase core deposits from c.60% of funding today to above 75% by 2026
- Maintain 100% branchless model



 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Annualised net interest income (NII) divided by sum of average customer assets

Impact RWA Density (pre-mitigating actions) +60% c.160% c.140% 2023 2023 IRB 2023 Basel 3.1 (US rules)

- Approach: more conservative modelling for unutilised credit lines and to reflect unexpected losses in line with 2009 Global Financial Crisis
- RWA impact: c.£16bn increase in H224 across c.85% of portfolio
- **US-based card issuers:** increases in credit and operational risk expected in 2025 under proposed Basel 3.1 rules in the US

Our response

 Management of credit lines and business models based on new IRB requirements

Execute selective risk transfers

As a result of these actions RWA density in 2026 expected to be c.145%, more in line with US Basel 3.1 impacts

Today's financials and 2026 targets

Key Metrics ¹	2021	2022	2023	2026 Targets
RoTE	17%	13%	4%	In line with Group
End Net Receivables (\$bn)	22	29	32	c.\$40bn (c.£31bn) ²
Net interest margin	7.6%	9.7%	10.9%	>12%
Cost: Income ratio (%)	60%	58%	51%	Mid-40s %
Loan Loss Rate (bps) ²	116	237	514	c.400bps
RWA (£bn)	17.1	23.9	24.8	c.£45bn incl. c.£16bn IRB impact in H224

 $^{^1}$ All metrics shown on IFRS basis | 2 LLR calculated as Impairment charge / Average Gross Loans and Advances in addition to ENR includes Loans and Advances to banks, Debt securities, recovery book, and accrued interest. For 2023 Gross Loans and Advances for USCB was £28bn |



Barclays UK today

Long-established scale player with trusted brand

c.20m Personal Banking customers¹

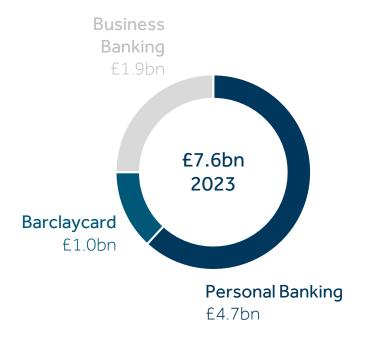
c.5m Credit card accounts1

c.1m Business banking customers

Core strengths

- 1. Strong franchise deposit base
- 2. Well-performing lending book
- 3. Long-term RoTE track-record

Income by segment



Income by type

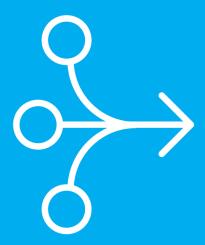


Net interest income £6.4bn

Financial performance 2021-23

	2021	2022	2023
RoTE	18%	19%	19%
Total income (£bn)	6.5	7.3	7.6
Net interest income (£bn)	5.2	5.9	6.4
Cost: income ratio	68%	60%	58%
		13	14
Loan Loss Rate (bps)	(16)		
Loan: deposit ratio (%)	85%	87%	92%

Simpler



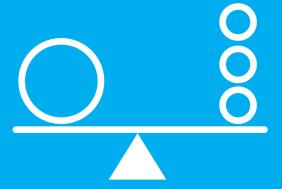
Deliver operational efficiencies to facilitate investment in growth

Better



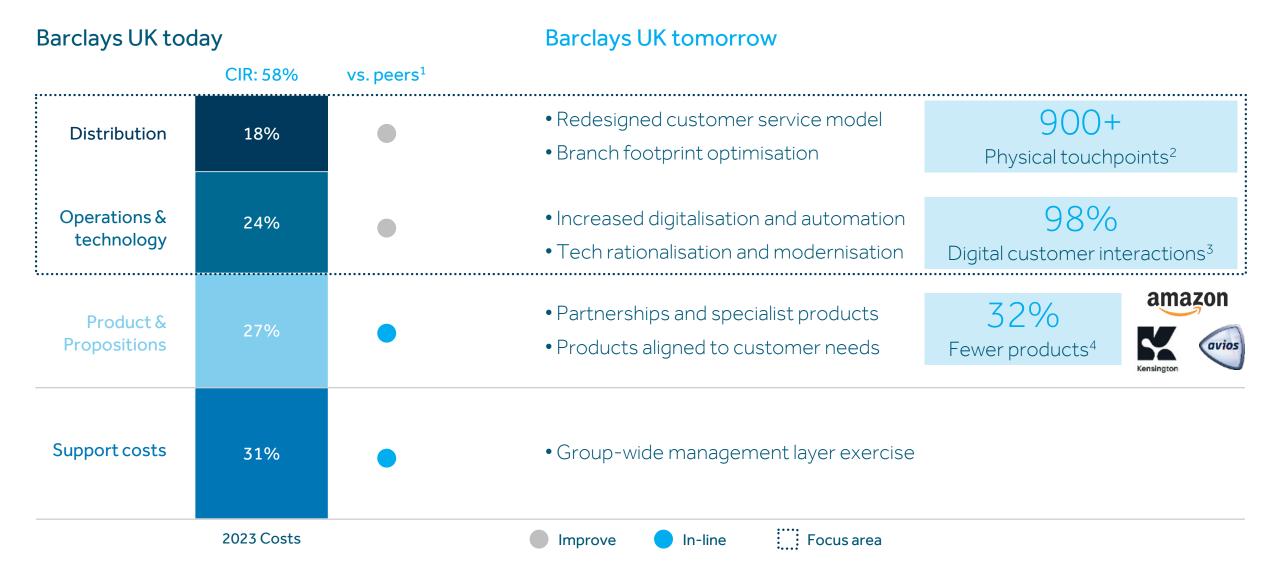
Focus on improving customer relationships

More balanced



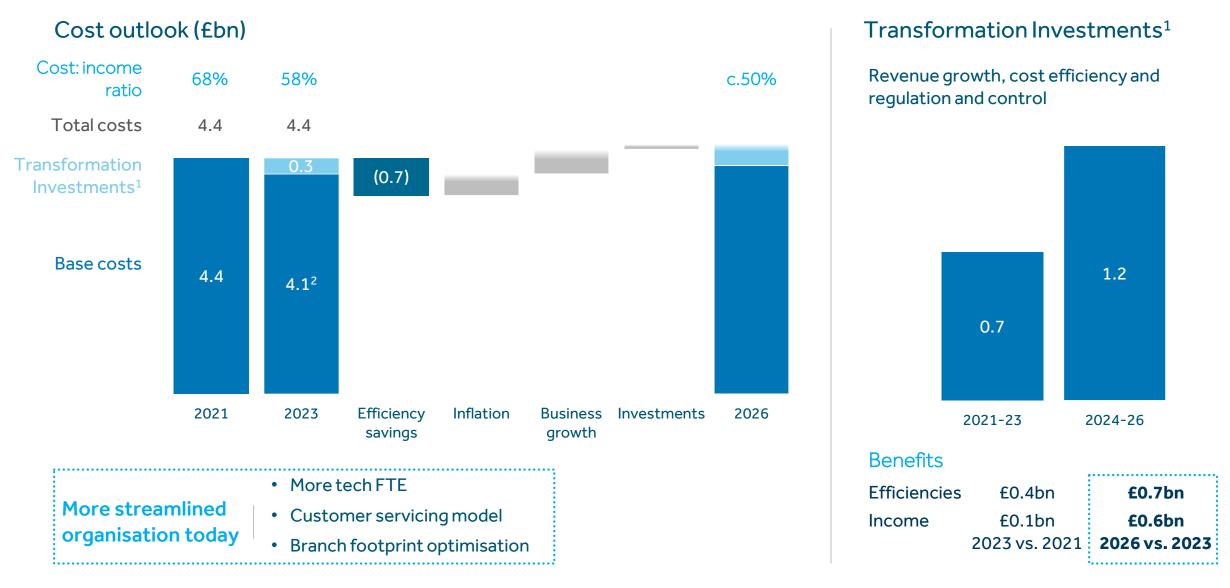
Grow lending market share

Simpler: deliver operational efficiency



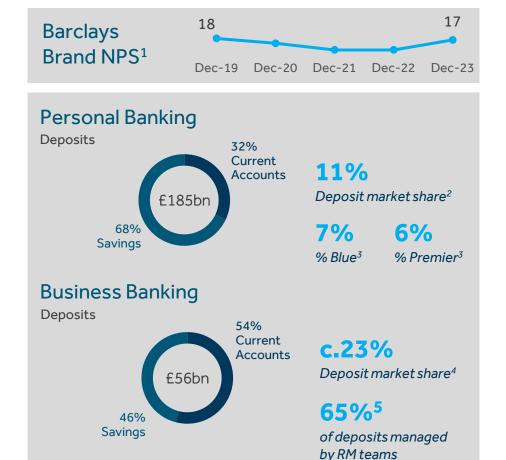
¹ Analysis conducted by Boston Consulting Group | ² Forecast by the end of 2024, including branches, alternative touchpoints, shared banking hubs, and Eagle Lab incubation hubs | ³ Includes all self-serve channels including ATM, branch self-service devices and digital channels i.e. Mobile app and online banking | ⁴ Products in 2023 vs. 2022 |

Simpler: facilitating investment in growth



¹ Transformation programme investments in regulation and control, cost efficiency and revenue growth and protection (excludes structural cost actions) | ² Includes Q423 structural cost actions of £168m | Note: Charts may not sum due to rounding |

Barclays UK today



Barclays UK tomorrow

- Better processes & service model
- Enhanced product offerings that reflect evolving customer needs
- Expand value-added services and solutions for businesses (incl. Fintech partnerships and sustainability)

Improve customer satisfaction Maintain deposit resilience Maintain funding advantage

¹ Based on an average of Barclays Brand 12-month rolling net promoter score (Source: IPSOS FRS Survey) | ² Personal deposits market based on total market balances (Source: Bank of England) | ³ Proportion of higher tier retail current account membership offering by volume of Personal Banking accounts | ⁴ Indicative market share estimated using UK Finance data. This estimate reflects our best attempt to measure Barclays share of small medium enterprise deposits amongst the seven largest providers (Source: UK Finance) | ⁵ Proportion of deposits from clients covered by BUK relationship managers/ specialist teams |

More balanced: opportunity to grow lending market share

Barclays UK today



Barclays UK tomorrow

- Simplified customer journeys
- Enhanced risk and affordability models
- Launch dual brand and open market strategy
- Upgraded broker channel and conversion rates
- Increased HLTV and specialist solutions (KMC7)
- Enhanced Premier and Blue client offering
- Automated credit decisioning
- Asset and sustainable lending propositions
- Accelerated digital journeys

Grow market share



application margins

Grow market share

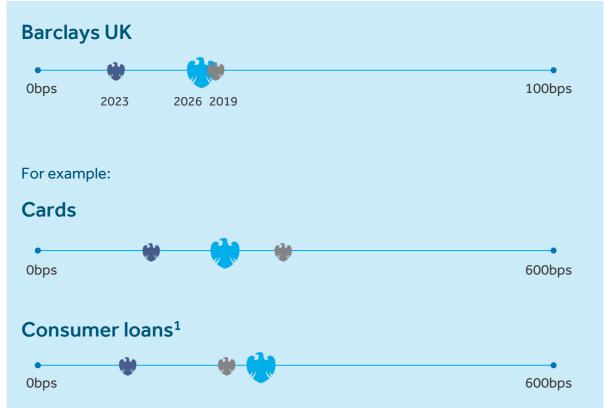
¹ Credit card market share based on total balances (Source: Bank of England) |² Market share based on Barclays Consumer Loans, excluding Barclays Partner Finance, as a % of total consumer credit excluding credit cards and student loans (Source: Bank of England) |³ 85%+ LTV |⁴ Based on an average of estimated proportion of HLTV at HSBC, Lloyds and NatWest (definition of HLTV mortgages varies between banks) |⁵ Indicative market share estimated using Bank of England data. This estimate reflects our best attempt to measure Barclays share of SME lending |⁶ Indicative market share estimated using UK Finance data. This estimate reflects our best attempt to measure Barclays share of small medium enterprise deposits amongst the seven largest providers (Source: UK Finance) |७ Kensington Mortgage Company |

More balanced: maintaining risk discipline whilst achieving growth

Evolution of Barclays UK impairment



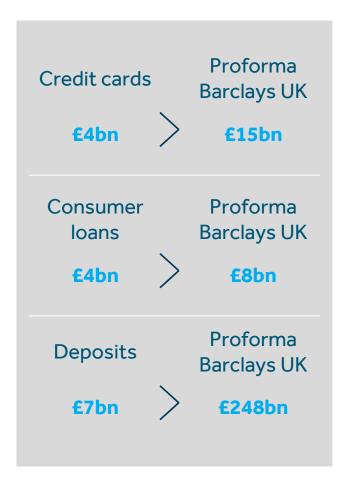
Loan Loss Rate



Risk level consistent across key products

Tesco Bank acquisition and partnership underpins growth ambitions

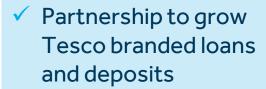
Portfolios to be acquired¹



Consistent with our ambitions

- Grow market share in key portfolios
- Risk profiles in line with existing portfolios
- Integration into BUK operating infrastructure over time
- Total day one RWAs of c.£8bn

Further opportunities





 Ability to market via Tesco's distribution channel and open market



Today's financials and 2026 targets

Financials	2021	2022	2023	2026 Targets
RoTE	18%	19%	19%	High teens %
Total income (£bn)	6.5	7.3	7.6	Mid-single digits NII CAGR
Net interest income (£bn)	5.2	5.9	6.4	2024 NII c.£6.1bn ¹
Cost: income ratio	68%	60%	58%	c.50%
Loan Loss Rate (bps)	(16)	13	14	Normalisation towards 2019 level c.35bps
Risk weighted assets (£bn)	72	73	74	Grow contribution to Group RWA

¹ Excludes planned acquisition of Tesco Bank's retail banking business



Barclays UK Corporate Bank today

Long-established scale player delivering high returns

18-year average client relationship

>50 offices across the UK

>10% growth in clients vs. 2021

Core strengths

- 1. Deep and enduring franchise delivered across the UK
- 2. Award winning expertise
- 3. Strong and resilient deposit base



Delivering broad based income (£bn)



90

Our proposition, and evolving client needs

Delivering a full-service proposition...

Financing



Transitioning to net zero



Investing surplus funds



Trading internationally



Making payments



Managing risk



... and access to Group capabilities

Barclays UK

Supporting growing clients Private Bank

Investing shareholder wealth

Investment Bank

Access to capital markets

Client needs continue to evolve, and we innovate to meet them

We're focused on:

- Our leading payments ecosystem
- Seamless digital delivery
- Deeper client relationships
- Growing lending

Barclays provides a leading payments ecosystem

Powered in house and through partners

Strong distribution Large corporates SME capabilities Payments/receipt Account to account¹ **Card Issuing** Merchant Acquiring² types Payments from buyers Physical and virtual cards, Terminals, gateways, Solutions expense management and to suppliers FX, data and insights link with digital wallets Proprietary in-house capability alongside market leading providers Tech and Ops delivery **∷RS2 ∧C** VISA Verifone® FORM₃ **TSYS** CyberSource' ingenico **Barclays Market** position a UK market leader a UK market leader #3 Acquirer in Europe

Simpler: drive productivity and seamless digital delivery

Barclays UK Corporate Bank today

Significant progress made

Launched iPortal client channel

- 30% of iPortal journeys have selfserve capabilities; 90% adoption rate
- Highly resilient payments platform with 99.98% straight through processing
- Client coverage simplified

Barclays UK Corporate Bank tomorrow

Focus areas

- Enhance iPortal to become a single point of access to all services
- Drive additional self-serve functionality

- Implement efficiency tools for front line bankers and operational teams
- Automate lending, pricing and billing platforms

Seamless service with digital capabilities

Enable
investments
in revenue
growth
opportunities

High 40s % Cost: income

ratio in 2026



Better: grow broad-based income through deeper client relationships

Barclays UK Corporate Bank today

Significant progress made...

- Deep industry specialism, with banker portfolios smaller vs. peers
- Launched best-in-class Trade platform (Trade360)
- Well-positioned to deepen relationships with existing clients
- Average of 4 solutions per client out of a possible 11

Barclays UK Corporate Bank tomorrow

Focus areas...

- Hiring in underpenetrated regions and sectors for more coverage
- Expand offering further across Digital,
 Sustainability and Innovation
- Drive uptake on recent launches e.g. Virtual accounts
- Invest further in industry specific data capabilities

Strategic expertise and high-quality solutions



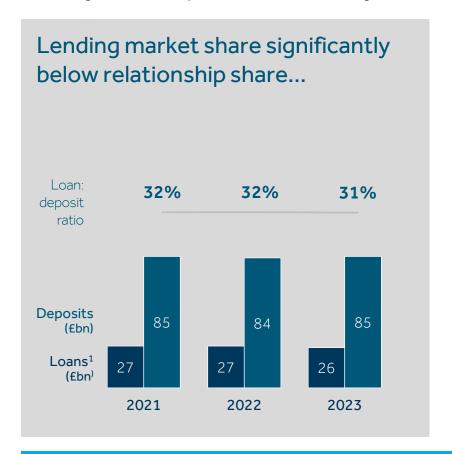
with existing clients

Deliver highquality growth across broad sources



More Balanced: well-positioned to grow lending, and attract new clients

Barclays UK Corporate Bank today



Barclays UK Corporate Bank tomorrow

- Increase allocation of Group RWA
- Increase lending to clients with strong credit profiles
- Competitive pricing approach to reflect expected future relationship value
- Automate processes for smaller businesses to access finance
- Drive sector specific solutions
 e.g. ESG to support Group's
 \$1trn sustainable finance target

Simpler access to finance

Attract new clients

>

Grow lending market share³

More balanced business

Broadly maintain risk appetite and continue to utilise SRT² where appropriate

Today's financials and 2026 targets

Financials	2021	2022	2023	2026 Targets
RoTE	14%	19%	20%	High teens %
Income (£bn)	1.3	1.7	1.8	Deliver high-quality growth across broad sources
Cost: income ratio	59%	49%	52%	High 40s %
Credit impairment releases (£m)	137	0	27	c.35bps loan loss rate
Loans (£bn)	27	27	26	Grow lending market share ¹
Deposits (£bn)	85	84	85	Grow deposits in-line with UK liquidity market ²

¹ Aim to grow lending at a faster rate than the market. Measured using Bank of England data: amounts outstanding of monetary financial institutions' sterling and all foreign currency loans to all non-financial businesses (in sterling millions) not seasonally adjusted | 2 Aim to grow deposits in line with the market. Measured using Bank of England data: Money Supply data



Barclays Private Bank & Wealth Management today

Serving our clients across:

UK Digital Investing from £1

UK Wealth Management from £500k+

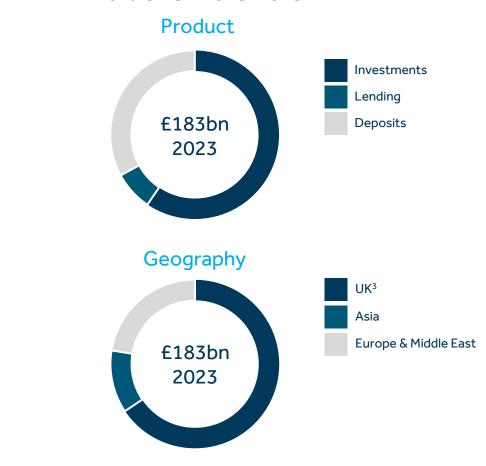
UK Private Bank from £3m+

International Private Bank from £5m+

Product offering

- 1. Lending
- 2. Deposits
- 3. Investments
 - Discretionary
 - Advisory
 - Execution-only

Strong and diversified CAL¹ growth +10% CAGR 2018-2023²



¹ Client Assets and Liabilities (CAL) refers to customer deposits, lending and invested assets. Invested assets under management (AUM) and supervision (AUS) | ² 2018 CAL adjusted for a transfer of clients to International Corporate Banking which occurred in 2019 | ³ Includes Isle of Man, Jersey and Guernsey |

Today's financials



Simpler & Better: unified Private Bank & Wealth Management

Simpler: one global investment function across Private Bank & Wealth Management

One global investment function

Private Bank

Wealth Management

Digital Investing

Shared platforms

Scaled and cost efficient with Barclays UK

Better: uniquely positioned to leverage synergies across Barclays

Cross business referrals

Two-way referral flows within the UK Corporate Bank, Investment Bank and Barclays UK

Breadth of products & solutions

Access to Investment
Bank solutions and
combined approach for
Global Family Offices

More balanced: opportunity to scale and develop UK Wealth offering

Business today

UK Digital investing

- Platform with broad capabilities and high operating leverage
- Integrated with Barclays app and website

UK Wealth Management

- Complex investment proposition and pricing
- Limited self-serve options
- High touch advisor model

Business tomorrow



- Lower £250k+ entry point
- End-to-end advice, coupled with digital tools
- Simplify and enhance investment proposition
- Integrate with Barclays app and website

Gain market share

More balanced: continue to grow Private Bank fee income

Business today

UK Private Bank

- Banker and specialist expertise
- Personal high-touch service
- Top quartile investment proposition¹

International Private Bank

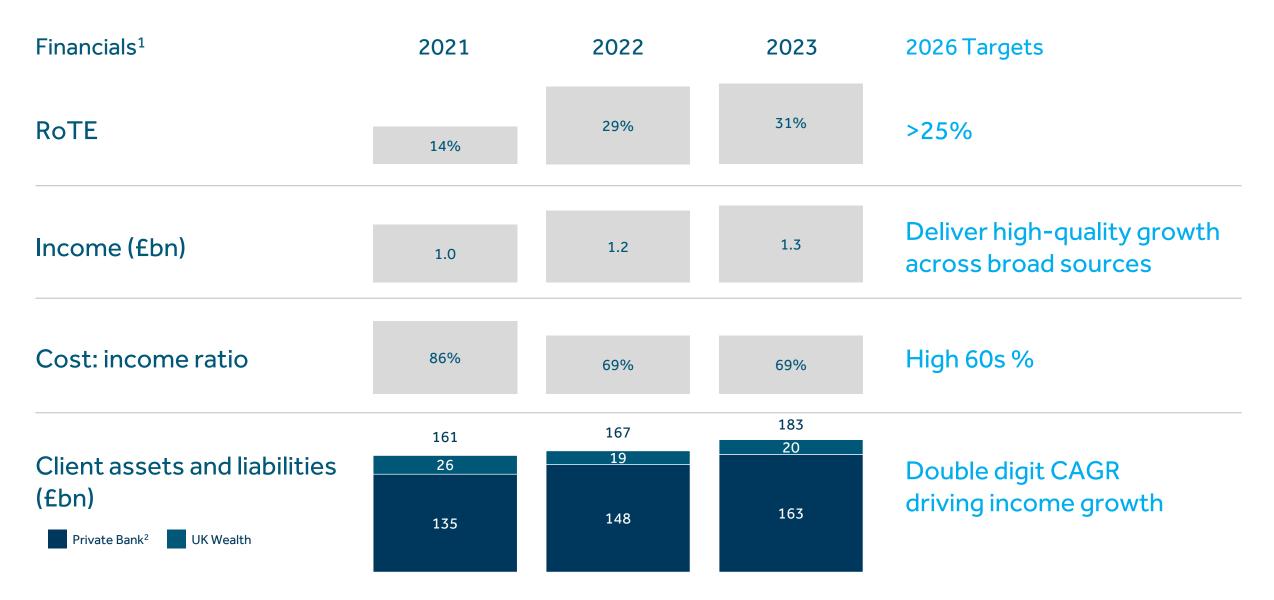
- Banker and specialist expertise
- Personal high-touch service
- Brand strength in international markets

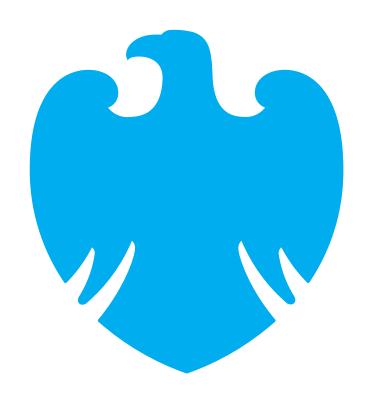
Business tomorrow

- Grow Bankers, with greater productivity
- Proposition enhancements, eg: Alternatives and lending
- Grow in UK locations
- Improved client experience and digital capabilities
- Strengthen collaboration with Barclays UK
- Grow Bankers, with greater productivity
- Proposition enhancements, eg: Alternatives and lending
- Improve client experience and digital capabilities
- Leverage selected Investment Bank international presence, and clients with connection to UK

Grow CAL and income

Today's financials and 2026 targets





Appendix

Macroeconomic assumptions

		Assumptions		
	2023	2024	2025	2026
UK GDP ¹	0.5%	0.2%	1.1%	1.6%
UK unemployment ²	4.3%	4.8%	4.7%	4.8%
UK bank rate ³	5.25%	4.00%	3.25%	3.25%
Sterling 5-year swap rate ⁴	3.36%	3.58%	3.49%	3.49%
UK inflation⁵	7.4%	3.0%	1.9%	2.0%
US GDP ¹	2.4%	1.4%	1.6%	1.9%
US unemployment ²	3.7%	4.3%	4.3%	4.3%
US federal funds rate ³	5.50%	4.00%	3.25%	3.25%
US dollar 5-year swap rate ⁴	3.46%	3.60%	3.59%	3.64%
US inflation⁵	4.1%	2.7%	2.1%	2.1%
Markets wallet	\$111bn	\$111bn	\$111bn	\$115bn
Banking wallet ⁶	\$67bn	\$70bn	\$80bn	\$84bn

 $^{^1}$ YoY percentage change in real annual GDP $|^2$ Q423 unemployment rate, 16+ basis points $|^3$ Year-end central bank policy rates $|^4$ GBP and USD 5Y OIS Swap rates $|^5$ YoY percentage change in annual average CPI $|^6$ Source: Dealogic wallet as at 31 December 2023 $|^6$ Note: Group plan based on an average USD/GBP FX rate of 1.27 $|^6$ Note: Markets 2023 wallet and forward-looking metrics based on internal Barclays estimates and are factored into the medium-term plan $|^6$

Disclaimer

Important Notice

The terms Barclays or Group refer to Barclays PLC together with its subsidiaries. The information, statements and opinions contained in this presentation do not constitute a public offer under any applicable legislation, an offer to sell or solicitation of any offer to buy any securities or financial instruments, or any advice or recommendation with respect to such securities or other financial instruments. Information relating to:

- regulatory capital, leverage, liquidity and resolution is based on Barclays' interpretation of applicable rules and regulations as currently in force and implemented in the UK, including, but not limited to, CRD IV (as amended by CRD V applicable as at the reporting date) and CRR (as amended by CRR II applicable as at the reporting date) texts and any applicable delegated acts, implementing acts or technical standards and as such rules and regulations form part of domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018, as amended. All such regulatory regulirements are subject to change and disclosures made by the Group will be subject to any resulting changes as at the applicable reporting date:
- MREL is based on Barclays' understanding of the Bank of England's policy statement on "The Bank of England's approach to setting a minimum requirement for own funds and eliqible liabilities (MREL)" published in December 2021, updating the Bank of England's June 2018 policy statement, and its MREL requirements communicated to Barclays by the Bank of England. Binding future MREL requirements remain subject to change including at the conclusion of the transitional period, as determined by the Bank of England, taking into `flight path, end-state capital evolution and expectations and MREL build are based on certain assumptions applicable at the date of publication only which cannot be assured and are subject to change.

Non-IFRS performance measures

Barclays' management believes that the non-IFRS performance measures included in this presentation provide valuable information to the readers of the financial statements as they enable the reader to identify a more consistent basis for comparing the businesses' performance between financial periods and provide more detail concerning the elements of performance which the managers of these businesses are most directly able to influence or are relevant for an assessment of the Group. They also reflect an important aspect of the way in which operating targets are defined and performance is monitored by Barclays' management. However, any non-IFRS performance measures in this presentation are not a substitute for IFRS measures and readers should consider the IFRS measures as well. Refer to the appendix of the Barclays PLC Results Announcement for financial year ended 31 December 2023, which is available at Barclays.com, for further information and calculations of non-IFRS performance measures included throughout this presentation, and the most directly comparable IFRS measures.

Forward-looking statements

This document contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the US Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 27A of the US Securities Act of 1933, as amended, with respect to the Group. Barclays cautions readers that no forward-looking statement is a guarantee of future performance and that actual results or other financial condition or performance measures could differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate only to historical or current facts. Forward-looking statements sometimes use words such as 'may', 'will', 'seek', 'continue', 'aim', 'anticipate', 'target', 'projected', 'expect', 'estimate', 'intend', 'plan', 'goal', 'believe', 'achieve' or other words of similar meaning. Forward-looking statements can be made in writing but also may be made verbally by directors, officers and employees of the Group (including during management presentations) in connection with this document. Examples of forwardlooking statements include, among others, statements or guidance regarding or relating to the Group's future financial position, business strategy, income levels, costs, assets and liabilities, impairment charges, provisions, capital, leverage and other regulatory ratios, capital distributions (including policy on dividends and share buybacks), return on tangible equity, projected levels of growth in banking and financial markets, industry trends, any commitments and targets (including environmental, social and governance (ESG) commitments and targets), plans and objectives for future operations and other statements that are not historical or current facts. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to future events and circumstances. Forward-looking statements speak only as at the date on which they are made. Forward-looking statements may be affected by a number of factors, including, without limitation: changes in legislation, regulations, governmental and regulatory policies, expectations and actions, voluntary codes of practices and the interpretation thereof, changes in IFRS and other accounting standards; including practices with regard to the interpretation and application thereof and emerging and developing ESG reporting standards; the outcome of current and future legal proceedings and regulatory investigations; the Group's ability along with governments and other stakeholders to measure, manage and mitigate the impacts of climate change effectively; environmental, social and geopolitical risks and incidents, pandemics and similar events beyond the Group's control; the impact of competition in the banking and financial services industry; capital, liquidity, leverage and other regulatory rules and requirements applicable to past, current and future periods; UK, US, Eurozone and global macroeconomic and business conditions, including inflation; volatility in credit and capital markets; market related risks such as changes in interest rates and foreign exchange rates; reforms to benchmark interest rates and indices; higher or lower asset valuations; changes in credit ratings of any entity within the Group or any securities issued by it; changes in consumer behaviour; the direct and indirect consequences of the conflicts in Ukraine and the Middle East on European and global macroeconomic conditions, political stability and financial markets; political elections; developments in the UK's relationship with the European Union (EU); the risk of cyberattacks, information or security breaches or technology failures or other operational disruptions and any subsequent impacts on the Group's reputation, business or operations; the Group's ability to access funding; and the success of acquisitions, disposals and other strategic transactions. A number of these factors are beyond the Group's control. As a result, the Group's actual financial position, results, financial and non-financial metrics or performance measures or its ability to meet commitments and targets may differ materially from the statements or guidance set forth in the Group's forward-looking statements. In setting its targets and outlook for the period 2024-2026, Barclays has made certain assumptions about the macro-economic environment, including, without limitation, inflation, interest and unemployment rates, the different markets and competitive conditions in which Barclays operates, and its ability to grow certain businesses and achieve costs savings and other structural actions. Additional risks and factors which may impact Barclays Bank Group's future financial condition and performance are identified in Barclays PLC's filings with the US Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") (including, without limitation, Barclays PLC's Annual Report on Form 20-F for the financial year ended 31 December 2023), which are available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

Subject to Barclays Bank PLC's obligations under the applicable laws and regulations of any relevant jurisdiction, (including, without limitation, the UK and the US), in relation to disclosure and ongoing information, we undertake no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.